CRITICAL AREAS REPORT

4006 E. Mercer Way – Shoreline Modification

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CRITICAL AREAS REPORT

4006 E. MERCER WAY

1 Introduction

This critical area study is prepared as part of a proposal to permit proposed internal remodel of single-family residence located at 4006 E. Mercer Way in Mercer Island, Washington (parcel 4131900005), a garage addition, and an expansion of outdoor patio areas.

The property is situated along the Lake Washington shoreline. There is one Category III, lake-fringe wetland on the property. This report is intended to satisfy the requirements of the Mercer Island City Code (MICC) and Shoreline Master Program (SMP). It provides a description of existing site conditions, proposed improvements, proposed buffer modification, shoreline enhancement, and mitigation sequencing to ensure no net loss of shoreline or buffer ecological functions.

2 METHODS

Field investigations for the delineation study were conducted on January 1, 2020, by The Watershed Company.

The study area was evaluated for wetlands using methodology from the *Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region Version 2.0* (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 2010). Presence or absence of wetlands was determined on the basis of an examination of vegetation, soils, and hydrology. These parameters were sampled at several locations along the wetland boundary to determine the approximate wetland edge. The wetland was classified using the Department of Ecology's 2014 rating system (Hruby 2014).

Characterization of climatic conditions for precipitation in the Wetland Determination Data Forms were determined using the WETS table methodology (USDA, NRCS 2015). The "Seattle Tacoma Intl AP" station from 1991-2020 was used as a source for precipitation data (http://agacis.rcc-acis.org/). The WETS table methodology uses climate data from the three months prior to the site visit month to determine if normal conditions are present in the study area region.

The Lake Washington shoreline was delineated ordinary high water mark (OHWM) as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 220-660-030, and the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 90.58.030 and guidance documents including Determining the Ordinary High Water Mark for Shoreline Management Act Compliance in Washington State (Anderson 2016) and A Guide to Ordinate High Water Mark (OHWM) Delineation for Non-Perennial Streams in the Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region of the United States (Mersel 2016).

3 Existing Conditions

3.1 Setting

The subject parcel (parcel # 4131900005) is located at 4006 E. Mercer Way in Mercer Island, Washington; in Section 17 of Township 24 North, Range 5 East of the Public Land Survey System (PLSS). The property is approximately 0.83 acres in size and situated in the Mercer Island sub-basin of the Cedar-Sammamish Watershed (Water Resource Inventory Area [WRIA] 8; Figure 1). The subject parcel is zoned residential (R-9.6).

The subject property currently includes an existing single-family residence with attached garage built in 1906, an elevated patio, a paved driveway and parking area, maintained lawn areas, scattered ornamental plantings, existing dock with covered boat slips, a concrete walkway approaching the Lake Washington shoreline at the east end of the property, and a non-structural wooden boat ramp adjacent the shoreline. The eastern portion of the property comprises the developed area, while the western portion is a moderately sloped forested area, portions of which are mapped as "protected slope areas" per the Mercer Island GIS Portal.

The property is surrounded to the north, south, and west by existing single-family residences, all zoned R-9.6. The parcel slopes approximately 95 feet over approximately 435 lineal feet down to Lake Washington.



Figure 1. A vicinity map showing the location of the site (source: King County iMap).



Figure 2. Aerial photograph of subject property (source: King County iMap).

3.2 Lake Washington Shoreline

The existing shoreline area is composed of medium-sized gravel below the OHWM. A small rock bulkhead is present along the northwest shoreline. An existing wooden dock and covered boat slip extends westward from the shoreline, and a concrete path extends from the existing residence towards the shoreline. Landward of the OWHM, the shoreline is composed entirely almost entirely of mowed lawn areas. The existing residence is located approximately 100 feet west of the OHWM, with the elevated patio encroaching to within approximately 85 feet of the shoreline at its closest point.



Figure 3: Existing residence and lawn area, facing east from Lake Washington shoreline (6/01/20)

3.3 Wetland A

Wetland is a Category III, lake-fringe wetland that is contiguous with the Lake Washington shoreline, extending approximately 10-12 feet landward of the OHWM. The primary vegetation in Wetland A includes birds-foot trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*), velvet grass (*Holcus lanatus*), and yellow-flag iris (*Iris pseudacorus*). The indicator soil in Wetland A is a very dark grey (10YR 3/1) sandy clay loam with redoximorphic features present. The soil satisfies the hydric soil criteria for Redox Dark Surface (F6). Hydrology for Wetland A is provided by a high water table associated with hyporheic flow from Lake Washington. Under the 2014 Rating System, Wetland A is a Category III wetland with three habitat points.



Figure 4. Wetland A and Lake Washington Shoreline with wooden boat ramp in background, facing south (6/01/20).

4 Project Purpose and Approach

The proposed development includes renovation of the existing residence, a new attached garage, and patio expansions. New impervious surfaces within the 200-foot shoreline jurisdiction will equal 1,292 square feet. The expanded patio, at its closest point, will be approximately 80 feet from the Lake Washington OHWM and approximately 70 feet from the edge of Wetland A. In order to allow the proposed development, the applicant proposes to apply the standard 60-foot buffer for Wetland A under MICC 19.07.190(C)1 by implementing the impact minimization measures under MICC 19.07.190(D)2. This will allow the proposed structure to remain outside of the wetland buffer and 10-ft BSBL. The project also proposes enhancing 1,251 square feet of the 1,668 square feet of shoreline within 20 feet of the lake OHWM (75 percent of the total area within 20 feet of the OHWM); this includes 481 square feet of Wetland A and 770 square feet of Wetland A buffer.

The project will include replacement of part of the existing stormwater system, which no longer functions correctly. Roof runoff will go to the standard tight line system and discharge into

Lake Washington. Driveway runoff will go into a trench drain that will have standard oil water separator and then to tight line to lake. The drainpipes will be constructed with trenchless installation through the wetland and buffer to avoid all disturbance impacts. See Civil Plans for details.

The project will result in the removal of two existing trees on-site, outside of the standard wetland buffer. Trees to be removed will be replaced in accordance with the tree standards under MICC 19.10 (See Tree Protection and Replacement Plan).

5 REGULATIONS

Projects located within 200 feet of shorelines of the state (Lake Washington) are regulated under the Mercer Island Shoreline Master Program (MICC 19.13) (SMP). The subject property is designated Urban Residential under the SMP. Single-family residences, including appurtenant features, in the Urban Residential shoreline designation are allowed as a Shoreline Exemption. All structures in the shoreline zone must be set back at least 25 feet from the OHWM. The maximum impervious surface coverage allowed is 10% between 0 and 25 feet from the OHWM and 30% between 25 and 50 feet from the OHWM (MICC 19.13.050[A], Table C).

Under MICC 19.13.050(K)4, new development of more than 1,000 square feet of additional impervious surfaces within shoreline jurisdiction shall be required to also provide native vegetation coverage over 75 percent of the 20-foot vegetation area immediately above the OHWM.

As a shoreline-associated wetland, Wetland A is also regulated under the SMP. Under the SMP (MICC 19.13.10[D]6), if the applicable minimizing measures listed in MICC 19.07.190(D)(3) are not implemented, the standard buffer for a Category III wetland with three habitat points is 100 feet. If the minimization measures are implemented, then the wetland buffers under MICC 19.07.190(C) may be applied. The standard buffer for a Category III wetland with three habitat points under MICC 19.07.190(C) is 60 feet. A 10-foot BSBL applies beyond all wetland buffers.

Compliance with the minimization measures is discussed in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Measures to Minimize Potential Wetland Impacts

| Disturbance | Potential Measures to Minimize Impacts | Project Application |
|-------------|---|---|
| Lights | Direct lights away from wetland. | Lights will be directed away from the wetland. Outdoor lighting will be directed towards the house or down. |
| Noise | Locate activity that generates noise away from wetland. | The primary noise-generating component will be the driveway and garage. These components |

| Disturbance | Potential Measures to Minimize Impacts | Project Application |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| | If warranted, enhance existing buffer with native vegetation plantings adjacent to noise source. For activities that generate relatively continuous, potentially disruptive noise, such as certain heavy industry or mining, establish an additional 10-foot heavily vegetated buffer strip immediately adjacent to the outer wetland buffer. | will be more than 100 feet from Wetland A. The garage will be constructed on the back side of the existing home, more than 150 feet from Wetland A. Portions of Wetland A and its buffer will be enhanced with native trees shrubs and groundcovers, providing additional noise buffering. The single-family residential development will not constitute continuous, disruptive noise. |
| Toxic runoff | Route all new, untreated runoff away from wetland while ensuring wetland is not dewatered Establish covenants requiring the use of integrated pest management techniques to limit the use of pesticides within 150 feet of wetland | Stormwater runoff will be directed away from the wetland and buffer. All roof and driveway runoff will be directed to the existing, repaired tightline system that discharges to Lake Washington. Driveway runoff will be directed through an oil/water separator prior to discharge. Wetland hydrology is provided by hyporheic flow from Lake Washington. The property development will not affect wetland hydrology. New runoff will be from non-pollutant generating surfaces (decks and garage roof). The garage is more than 150 feet from the wetland. The shoreline mitigation plan does not allow the use of pesticides. |
| Storm water runoff | Retrofit storm water detention and treatment for roads and existing adjacent development. Prevent channelized flow from lawns that directly enters the buffer. Use low impact development techniques. | The project will include replacement of part of the existing stormwater system, which no longer functions correctly. Roof runoff will go to the standard tight line system and discharge into Lake Washington. Driveway runoff will go into a trench drain that will have standard oil water separator and then to tight line to lake. |
| Changes in water regime | Infiltrate or treat, detain, and disperse into buffer new runoff from impervious surfaces and new lawns. | Runoff will be routed to the existing, stormwater system, which tightlines runoff to Lake Washington. Impervious surfaces within the Wetland A buffer will be removed. |

| Disturbance | Potential Measures to Minimize Impacts | Project Application |
|--|--|---|
| Pets and human disturbance | Protect wetlands and associated buffers with conservation or native growth protection easements. | As an existing, single-family residence, placing the wetland/buffer into a conservation easement is unwarranted. The wetland and buffer will be protected by the Mercer Island CAO and SMP in perpetuity. |
| Dust | Use best management practices to control dust. | Not applicable. The completed project will not generate elevated levels of dust. |
| Disruption of corridors or connections | Maintain connections to off-site areas that are undisturbed. Restore corridors or connections to off-site habitats by replanting. | Wetland A will have a vegetated corridor connecting to Lake Washington. The wetland/shoreline area and a portion of the buffer will be enhanced with native vegetation. |

Under MICC 19.07.130.C, storm water retrofit facilities installed pursuant to the city's NPDES Phase II permit are exempt from the development standards of MICC 19.07. The new stormwater system will replace the existing non-functional system, and it will include an oil-water separator; this additional BMP will represent an overall improvement in reducing pollutant discharge. Since Wetland A and its buffer extend across the entire eastern portion of the property, there is no option to avoid crossing the features to reach the discharge point in the lake. By using a trenchless installation, construction will not disturb the vegetation in Wetland A or its buffer.

6 IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The proposal is for an interior remodel of existing single-family residence, the addition of an attached garage, and additional outdoor patio space, while enhancing the shoreline zone, Wetland A, and a portion of the Wetland A buffer. All of the proposed impervious surface additions are located outside of the applied 60-foot Wetland A buffer and 10-foot BSBL. The restoration and enhancement plantings will provide improved ability to trap and filter runoff as well as reduce surface water velocities entering the lake, as compared to the existing mowed lawn. These areas will also provide improved habitat functions for small mammals, songbirds, and pollinators, as compared to the existing condition, by improving forage and cover opportunities in the shoreline zone, Wetland A, and the buffer.

To further improve critical area functions, a 124-square-foot wooden boat ramp that is above grade and not structurally supported in Wetland A will be removed, as will 100 feet of concrete path within the wetland buffer.

Table 2 summarizes the area of proposed impacts and mitigation within the 25- and 50-foot shoreline setbacks and the wetland buffer. No impervious surfaces are proposed within the shoreline setbacks or the wetland buffer. The proposal will result in a net reduction of 224 SF square feet of impervious surface in wetland. A total of 1,251 square feet of the shoreline zone will be enhanced with native trees, shrubs, and groundcovers to improve wetland, shoreline, and wetland buffer functions. The shoreline enhancement also complies with the requirements of MICC 19.13.050(K)4.i. The 1,251 square-foot enhancement area equals 75 percent of the area within 20 feet of the lake OHWM. The remaining 25 percent will remain as mowed lawn to allow continued access to the existing dock and boat slip.

Table 2: Summary of impact/enhancement within 50-foot shoreline setback area.

| Feature | Impervious Removed | New Impervious | Shoreline Setback Enhancement Area |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| 50-ft Lake WA Shoreline Setback | 124 SF* | 0 SF | 1,251 SF** |

^{*} Also located within Wetland A

6.1 No Net Loss

All proposed new development will occur outside of the 60-foot wetland buffer and the 10-foot BSBL. The proposed project will result in enhanced shoreline and wetland/wetland buffer ecological functions. The current condition of the shoreline buffer is degraded and provides little to no protective functions. The presence of the wooden boat ramp and paved path precludes infiltration of surface runoff entering the lake and Wetland A. The wooden boat ramp, paved path, and mowed lawn, provide no substantive wildlife habitat. By removing the boat ramp and paved path and revegetating the areas will improve the ability of the shoreline setback and wetland buffer to trap and filter stormwater runoff will be increased, helping to improve water quality in the lake. The infiltration capacity will also be improved, which will help maintain a more natural hydrograph. Finally, the establishment of a native tree, shrub, and groundcover community will provide greater forage and cover opportunities for wildlife than the existing condition.

7 MITIGATION AND RESTORATION PLAN

7.1 Overview

A comprehensive five-year maintenance and monitoring plan is included as part of the buffer enhancement. The plan specifies appropriate species for planting and planting techniques, describes proper maintenance activities, and sets forth performance standards to be met yearly

^{**}All located within 20 feet of the OHWM; includes 481 SF of Wetland A

during monitoring. This will ensure that enhancement/restoration plantings will be maintained, monitored, and successfully established within the first five years following implementation.

Proposed restoration begins with removal of impervious surfaces and incorporating compost into the buffer enhancement area. No compost shall be applied in the wetland. This will be followed by installation of three native trees, seven native shrub species, and eight native groundcover species suitable to the site. The plan calls for new plantings within the inner 20-foot shoreline setback area, including within Wetland A, and the overlapping shoreline setback/Wetland A buffer. Native plantings are intended to increase native plant cover, improve native species diversity, increase vegetative structure, and provide food and other habitat resources for wildlife.

7.2 Goals

Enhance shoreline buffers.

- a. Reduce the amount of impervious surface area within the wetland buffer and shoreline setback.
- b. Establish dense and diverse native tree, shrub, and groundcover vegetation throughout the mitigation area.

7.2.1 Performance Standards

The standards listed below will be used to judge the success of the plan over time. If the standards are met at the end of the five-year monitoring period, the City shall issue release of the performance bond.

1. Survival:

- a. 100% survival of all installed trees and shrubs at the end of Year-1. This standard may be met through establishment of installed plants or by replanting as necessary to achieve the required numbers.
- b. 80% survival of all installed trees and shrubs at the end of Year 2. This standard may be met through establishment of installed plants or by replanting as necessary to achieve the required numbers.
- 2. Native vegetation cover in planted areas:
 - a. Achieve at least 60% cover of native trees, shrubs, and groundcovers in planted areas by the end of Year 3. Volunteer species may count toward this standard.
 - b. Achieve at least 80% cover of native trees, shrubs, and groundcovers in planted areas by the end of Year 5. Volunteer species may count toward this standard.
- 3. Diversity: A minimum of two tree species, five shrub species, and five emergent species will be present in the mitigation area in Years 3 5.

4. Invasive species standard: No more than 10% cover of invasive species in the planting area in any monitoring year. Invasive species are defined as any Class A, B, or C noxious weeds as listed by the King County Noxious Weed Control Board.

7.3 Monitoring Methods

This monitoring program is designed to track the success of the mitigation site over time by measuring the degree to which the performance standards listed above are being met. An asbuilt plan will be prepared within 30 days of substantially complete construction of the mitigation areas. The as-built plan will document conformance with these plans and will disclose any substitutions or other non-critical departures. The as-built plan will establish baseline plant installation quantities and photopoints that will be used throughout the monitoring period to visually document site changes over time.

Monitoring will occur annually for five years. The inspection will occur in late summer or fall and will record the following and be submitted in an annual report to the City:

- 1. Counts of surviving and dead/dying plants by species in the planting areas.
- 2. Estimates of native species cover using cover class method.
- 3. Estimates of invasive species cover using cover class method.
- 4. Photographic documentation at permanent photopoints.
- 5. Recommendations for maintenance in the mitigation areas.
- 6. Recommendations for replacement of all dead or dying plant material with same or like species and number as on the approved plan.

7.4 Construction Notes and Specifications

General Notes

The restoration specialist will oversee the following:

- 1. Clearing, soil decompaction, and compost incorporation;
- Invasive weed clearing; and
- 3. Plant material inspection.
 - a) Plant delivery inspection.
 - b) 100% plant installation inspection.

Work Sequence

- 1. Clear the planting area of all invasive species using hand tools.
- 2. Roto-till three inches of compost into the upper 9 inches of the soil in buffer areas only. Do not apply compost within the wetland area.

- 3. All plant installation will take place during the dormant season (October 15th to March 1st).
- 4. Layout vegetation to be installed per the planting plan and plant schedule.
- 5. Prepare a planting pit for each plant and install per the planting details.
- 6. Mulch each tree and shrub with a circular wood chip mulch ring, four inches thick and extending six inches from the base of the plant (12-inch diameter) in the buffer areas only. Do not apply mulch in wetland area. Alternatively, a blanket mulch application may be applied to the entire restoration area.

7.5 Maintenance

This site will be maintained for five years following completion of the plant installation.

- 1. Replace each plant found dead in the summer monitoring visit during the upcoming fall dormant season (October 15th to March 1st).
- 2. Invasive species maintenance plan: Himalayan blackberry, English ivy, English laurel, and other invasive woody vegetation will be grubbed out by hand on an ongoing basis, with care taken to grub out roots except where such work will jeopardize the roots of installed or volunteer native plants. Do not use herbicides in the planting areas.
- 3. At least twice yearly, remove by hand all competing weeds and weed roots from beneath each installed plant and any desirable volunteer vegetation to a distance of 12 inches from the main plant stem. Weeding should occur as needed during the spring and summer. Frequent weeding will result in lower mortality and lower plant replacement costs.
- 4. Do not weed the area near the plant bases with string trimmer (weed whacker). Native plants are easily damaged or killed, and weeds easily recover after trimming.
- 5. Do not use herbicides in the planting areas.
- 6. Mulch the weeded areas beneath each plant with wood chip mulch as necessary to maintain a minimum 4-inch-thick, 12-inch-diameter mulch ring.
- 7. The temporary irrigation system will be operated to ensure that plants receive a minimum of one inch of water per week from June 1st through September 30th for the first two years following installation. Irrigation beyond the second year may be needed based on site performance or significant replanting.

7.6 Contingency Plan

If all or part of the mitigation area fails to establish according to the goals and performance standards, a contingency plan shall be developed. Contingency measures may include, but are not limited to, plant species substitutions, soil amendments, herbivore exclusion fencing, modified irrigation schedule, and adaptive weed management.

7.7 Material Specifications and Definitions

- 1. Irrigation system: Automated system capable of delivering at least one inch of water per week from June 1 through September 30 for the first two years following installation.
- 2. Restoration professional: Watershed Company [(425) 822-5242)] personnel, or other persons qualified to evaluate environmental restoration projects.
- 3. Wood chip mulch: Arborist chips (chipped woody material) approximately 1 to 3 inches in maximum dimension (not sawdust or coarse hog fuel). Mulch must not contain appreciable quantities of garbage, plastic, metal, soil, and dimensional lumber or construction/demolition debris. Quantity required: 0.5 cubic yards.
- 4. Compost: Cedar Grove compost or equivalent "composted material" per Washington Admin. Code 173-350-220.

8 SUMMARY

The applicant proposes to renovate and existing single-family residence, add an attached driveway, and expand the outdoor patio areas, within the designated shoreline zone. In order to allow the proposed development, the applicant proposes to implement the standard 60-foot buffer for Wetland A under MICC 19.07.190(C)1 by implementing the impact minimization measures under MICC 19.07.190(D)2. All elements of the project comply with the Mercer Island SMP and Critical Areas Regulations; the applicant is not requesting a variance or reasonable use exception. In order to ensure no net loss of functions and to maintain compliance with MICC 19.13.050(K)4.i, the project will enhance 75 percent of the area within 20 feet of the OHWM with a mix of native trees, shrubs, and groundcovers. A 171 square-foot wooden boat ramp, which is located in the shoreline setback and Wetland A, will be removed; approximately 100 square feet of existing paved path in the wetland buffer will be removed; and 1,251 square feet of shoreline setback will be planted/restored. No new development ins proposed within 50 feet of the shoreline or within Wetland A or its buffer.

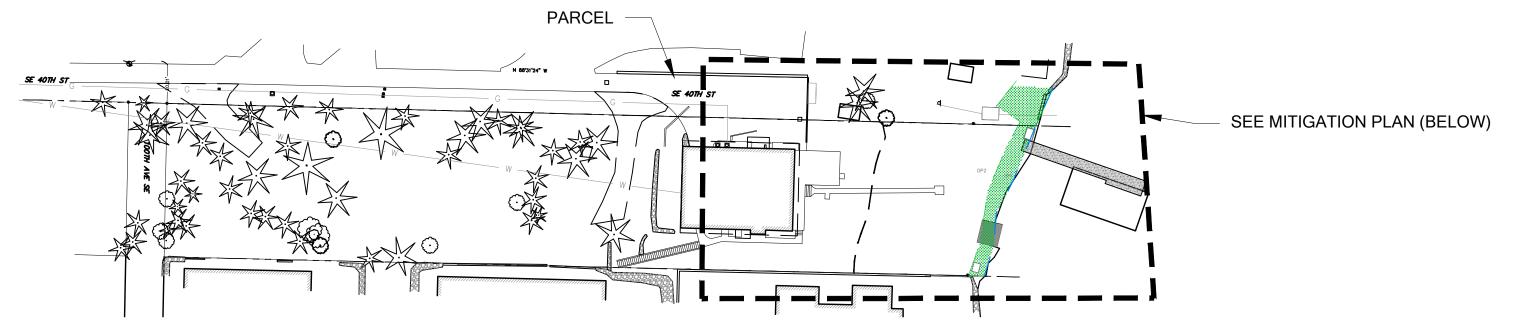
The reduction of impervious surfaces, installation of mitigation plantings, soil decompaction and amendment within the shoreline setback will improve water quality, hydrology, and habitat functions. The proposed planting plan incorporates a diversity of native plant species, including trees, shrubs, and groundcover plants. The proposed plan will provide better protection of the shoreline environment than exists under current conditions.

Finally, a comprehensive five-year maintenance and monitoring plan has been prepared. This plan will ensure that proposed enhancement plantings will be maintained, monitored, and successfully established within the first five years following implementation. Overall, a net improvement in on-site shoreline and buffer ecological functions is the expected result of the project.

4006 E. Mercer Way Critical Areas Report

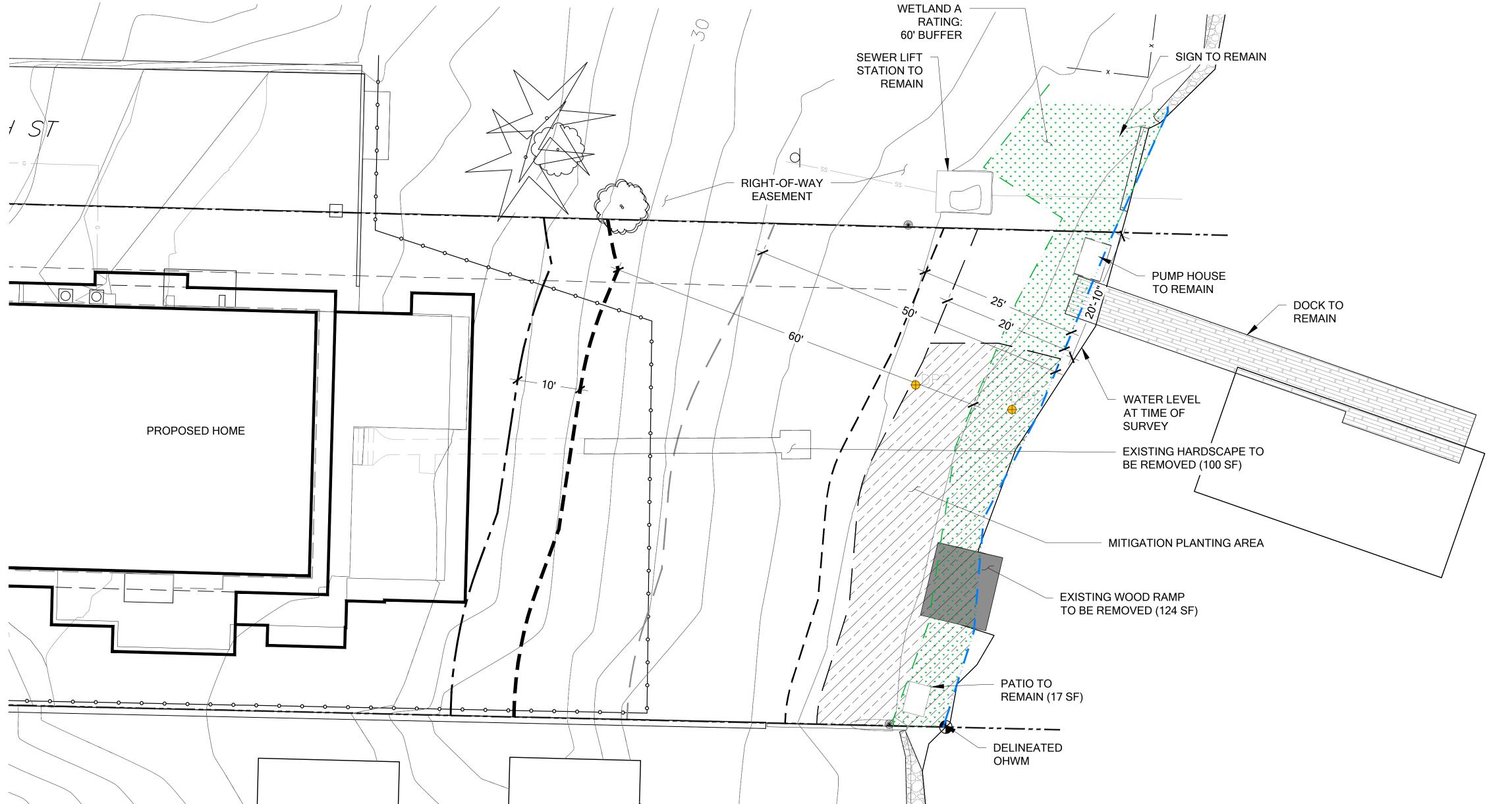
Shoreline Restoration Planting Plan

MOUNGER RESIDENCE



PARCEL OVERVIEW

MITIGATION PLAN



LEGEND

— - - — PARCEL BOUNDARY DELINEATED OHWM

DATA POINT WETLAND FLAGS

DELINEATED WETLAND BOUNDARY

SHORELINE SETBACK (50 FT) SHORELINE BUFFER (25 FT)

WETLAND BUFFER BSBL

MITIGATION LEGEND

PRE-EXISTING IMPACT IN WETLAND

WETLAND (481 SF)

SHORELINE ENHANCEMENT OVER

- MITIGATION AREA NOTES

 1. TOTAL AREA WITHIN 20 FT OF THE OHWM = 1,668 SF 2. TOTAL PLANTED SHORELINE AREA = 75% = 1,251 SF
- 3. TOTAL ACCESS AREA = 25% = 417 SF

SHEET INDEX

W1 MITIGATION PLAN AND PARCEL OVERVIEW W2 PLANTING PLAN AND SCHEDULE W3 MITIGATION DETAILS AND NOTES

NOTES

1. WETLAND AND OHWM DELINEATED BY THE WATERSHED COMPANY ON MAY 19, 2020

2. SITE PLAN PROVIDED BY STURMAN ARCHITECTS; 103RD AVENUE NE, SUITE 203, BELLEVUE, WA 98004 (425) 451-7003

PERMIT

SET

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

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750 Sixth Street South Kirkland WA 98033 p 425.822.5242 www.watershedco.com Science & Design

IGATION PLAN BRAD STURMAN RESIDENCE

MOUNGER

WAY 98040 4006 EAST MERCER MERCER ISLAND, WA SHORELINE PREPARED FC

SHEET SIZE: ORIGINAL PLAN IS 22" x 34". SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

PROJECT MANAGER: RK DESIGNED: DRAFTED: AS/MF/AF CHECKED: JOB NUMBER:

200509 SHEET NUMBER:



SIZE

1.5" CAL

5 GAL.

SIZE

5 GAL.

1 GAL.

5 GAL.

1 GAL.

1 GAL.

1 GAL.

2 GAL.

6 FT B&B 1

QTY

15

PLANT INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL NOTES

QUALITY ASSURANCE

- PLANTS SHALL MEET OR EXCEED THE SPECIFICATIONS OF FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS REQUIRING INSPECTION FOR PLANT DISEASE AND INSECT CONTROL.
- PLANTS SHALL BE HEALTHY, VIGOROUS, AND WELL-FORMED, WITH WELL DEVELOPED, FIBROUS ROOT SYSTEMS, FREE FROM DEAD BRANCHES OR ROOTS. PLANTS SHALL BE FREE FROM DAMAGE CAUSED BY TEMPERATURE EXTREMES, LACK OR EXCESS OF MOISTURE, INSECTS, DISEASE, AND MECHANICAL INJURY. PLANTS IN LEAF SHALL BE WELL FOLIATED AND OF GOOD COLOR. PLANTS SHALL BE HABITUATED TO THE OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS INTO WHICH THEY WILL BE PLANTED (HARDENED-OFF).
- TREES WITH DAMAGED, CROOKED, MULTIPLE OR BROKEN LEADERS WILL BE REJECTED. WOODY PLANTS WITH ABRASIONS OF THE BARK OR SUN SCALD WILL BE REJECTED.
- NOMENCLATURE: PLANT NAMES SHALL CONFORM TO FLORA OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST BY HITCHCOCK AND CRONQUIST, UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON PRESS, 1973 AND/OR TO A FIELD GUIDE TO THE COMMON WETLAND PLANTS OF WESTERN WASHINGTON & NORTHWESTERN OREGON, ED. SARAH SPEAR COOKE, SEATTLE AUDUBON SOCIETY, 1997.

DEFINITIONS

- 1. PLANTS/PLANT MATERIALS. PLANTS AND PLANT MATERIALS SHALL INCLUDE ANY LIVE PLANT MATERIAL USED ON THE PROJECT. THIS INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO CONTAINER GROWN, B&B OR BAREROOT PLANTS; LIVE STAKES AND FASCINES (WATTLES); TUBERS, CORMS, BULBS, ETC..; SPRIGS, PLUGS, AND LINERS.
- CONTAINER GROWN. CONTAINER GROWN PLANTS ARE THOSE WHOSE ROOTBALLS ARE ENCLOSED IN A POT OR BAG IN WHICH THAT PLANT GREW.

- 1. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN SPECIFIED MATERIALS IN ADVANCE IF SPECIAL GROWING, MARKETING OR OTHER ARRANGEMENTS MUST BE MADE IN ORDER TO SUPPLY SPECIFIED MATERIALS.
- SUBSTITUTION OF PLANT MATERIALS NOT ON THE PROJECT LIST WILL NOT BE PERMITTED UNLESS AUTHORIZED IN WRITING BY THE RESTORATION CONSULTANT.
- IF PROOF IS SUBMITTED THAT ANY PLANT MATERIAL SPECIFIED IS NOT OBTAINABLE, A PROPOSAL WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR USE OF THE NEAREST EQUIVALENT SIZE OR ALTERNATIVE SPECIES, WITH CORRESPONDING ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT PRICE.
- SUCH PROOF WILL BE SUBSTANTIATED AND SUBMITTED IN WRITING TO THE CONSULTANT AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO START OF WORK UNDER THIS SECTION.

INSPECTION

- 1. PLANTS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION AND APPROVAL BY THE RESTORATION CONSULTANT FOR CONFORMANCE TO SPECIFICATIONS, EITHER AT TIME OF DELIVERY ON-SITE OR AT THE GROWER'S NURSERY APPROVAL OF PLANT MATERIALS AT ANY TIME SHALL NOT IMPAIR THE SUBSEQUENT RIGHT OF INSPECTION AND REJECTION DURING PROGRESS OF THE WORK.
- PLANTS INSPECTED ON SITE AND REJECTED FOR NOT MEETING SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY FROM SITE OR RED-TAGGED AND REMOVED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- THE RESTORATION CONSULTANT MAY ELECT TO INSPECT PLANT MATERIALS AT THE PLACE OF GROWTH. AFTER INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE, THE RESTORATION CONSULTANT MAY REQUIRE THE INSPECTED PLANTS BE LABELED AND RESERVED FOR PROJECT. SUBSTITUTION OF THESE PLANTS WITH OTHER INDIVIDUALS, EVEN OF THE SAME SPECIES AND SIZE, IS UNACCEPTABLE.

MEASUREMENT OF PLANTS

- 1. PLANTS SHALL CONFORM TO SIZES SPECIFIED UNLESS SUBSTITUTIONS ARE MADE AS OUTLINED IN THIS CONTRACT.
- HEIGHT AND SPREAD DIMENSIONS SPECIFIED REFER TO MAIN BODY OF PLANT AND NOT BRANCH OR ROOT TIP TO TIP. PLANT DIMENSIONS SHALL BE MEASURED WHEN THEIR BRANCHES OR ROOTS ARE IN THEIR NORMAL
- WHERE A RANGE OF SIZE IS GIVEN, NO PLANT SHALL BE LESS THAN THE MINIMUM SIZE AND AT LEAST 50% OF THE PLANTS SHALL BE AS LARGE AS THE MEDIAN OF THE SIZE RANGE. (EXAMPLE: IF THE SIZE RANGE IS 12" TO 18", AT LEAST 50% OF PLANTS MUST BE 15" TALL.).

SUBMITTALS

GROUNDCOVER

PROPOSED PLANT SOURCES

COMMON / BOTANICAL NAME

GOATSBEARD / ARUNCUS SYLVESTER

1. WITHIN 45 DAYS AFTER AWARD OF THE CONTRACT, SUBMIT A COMPLETE LIST OF PLANT MATERIALS PROPOSED

AND ADDRESSES OF ALL GROWERS AND NURSERIES.

PRODUCT CERTIFICATES

- 1. PLANT MATERIALS LIST SUBMIT DOCUMENTATION TO CONSULTANT AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO START OF WORK UNDER THIS SECTION THAT PLANT MATERIALS HAVE BEEN ORDERED. ARRANGE PROCEDURE FOR INSPECTION OF PLANT MATERIAL WITH CONSULTANT AT TIME OF SUBMISSION.
- 2. HAVE COPIES OF VENDOR'S OR GROWERS' INVOICES OR PACKING SLIPS FOR ALL PLANTS ON SITE DURING INSTALLATION. INVOICE OR PACKING SLIP SHOULD LIST SPECIES BY SCIENTIFIC NAME, QUANTITY, AND DATE DELIVERED (AND GENETIC ORIGIN IF THAT INFORMATION WAS PREVIOUSLY REQUESTED).

TO BE PROVIDED DEMONSTRATING CONFORMANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED. INCLUDE THE NAMES

DELIVERY, HANDLING, & STORAGE

NOTIFICATION

CONTRACTOR MUST NOTIFY CONSULTANT 48 HOURS OR MORE IN ADVANCE OF DELIVERIES SO THAT CONSULTANT MAY ARRANGE FOR INSPECTION.

PLANT MATERIALS

- 1. TRANSPORTATION DURING SHIPPING, PLANTS SHALL BE PACKED TO PROVIDE PROTECTION AGAINST CLIMATE EXTREMES, BREAKAGE AND DRYING. PROPER VENTILATION AND PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO BARK, BRANCHES. AND ROOT SYSTEMS MUST BE ENSURED.
- SCHEDULING AND STORAGE PLANTS SHALL BE DELIVERED AS CLOSE TO PLANTING AS POSSIBLE. PLANTS IN STORAGE MUST BE PROTECTED AGAINST ANY CONDITION THAT IS DETRIMENTAL TO THEIR CONTINUED HEALTH
- 3. HANDLING PLANT MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE HANDLED BY THE TRUNK, LIMBS, OR FOLIAGE BUT ONLY BY THE CONTAINER, BALL, BOX, OR OTHER PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE, EXCEPT BAREROOT PLANTS SHALL BE KEPT IN BUNDLES UNTIL PLANTING AND THEN HANDLED CAREFULLY BY THE TRUNK OR STEM.
- LABELS PLANTS SHALL HAVE DURABLE, LEGIBLE LABELS STATING CORRECT SCIENTIFIC NAME AND SIZE. TEN PERCENT OF CONTAINER GROWN PLANTS IN INDIVIDUAL POTS SHALL BE LABELED. PLANTS SUPPLIED IN FLATS, RACKS, BOXES, BAGS, OR BUNDLES SHALL HAVE ONE LABEL PER GROUP.

WARRANTY

PLANTS MUST BE GUARANTEED TO BE TRUE TO SCIENTIFIC NAME AND SPECIFIED SIZE, AND TO BE HEALTHY AND CAPABLE OF VIGOROUS GROWTH.

- 1. PLANTS NOT FOUND MEETING ALL OF THE REQUIRED CONDITIONS AT THE CONSULTANT'S DISCRETION MUST BE REMOVED FROM SITE AND REPLACED IMMEDIATELY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 2. PLANTS NOT SURVIVING AFTER ONE YEAR TO BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

PLANT MATERIAL

- 1. PLANTS SHALL BE NURSERY GROWN IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOOD HORTICULTURAL PRACTICES UNDER CLIMATIC CONDITIONS SIMILAR TO OR MORE SEVERE THAN THOSE OF THE PROJECT SITE.
- 2. PLANTS SHALL BE TRUE TO SPECIES AND VARIETY OR SUBSPECIES. NO CULTIVARS OR NAMED VARIETIES SHALL BE USED UNLESS SPECIFIED AS SUCH.

SEE PLANT LIST ON ACCOMPANYING PLANS AND PLANT SCHEDULES.

ROOT TREATMENT

- CONTAINER GROWN PLANTS (INCLUDES PLUGS): PLANT ROOT BALLS MUST HOLD TOGETHER WHEN THE PLANT IS REMOVED FROM THE POT, EXCEPT THAT A SMALL AMOUNT OF LOOSE SOIL MAY BE ON THE TOP OF THE
- PLANTS MUST NOT BE ROOT-BOUND; THERE MUST BE NO CIRCLING ROOTS PRESENT IN ANY PLANT INSPECTED. 3. ROOTBALLS THAT HAVE CRACKED OR BROKEN WHEN REMOVED FROM THE CONTAINER SHALL BE REJECTED.

REMARKS

PLANT IN SAME-SPECIES

GROUPINGS OF 3-9 PLANTS

CAMAS / CAMASSIA QUAMASH 1 GAL 25 TUFTED HAIRGRASS / DESCHAMPSIA CESPITOSA 1 GAL. SMALL-FRUITED BULRUSH / SCIRPUS MICROCARPUS 4" POT/PLUG 24" O.C. WESTERN COLUMBINE / AQUILEGIA FORMOSA 1 GAL. 24" O.C. 12 PLANT IN SAME SPECIES **GROUPINGS 5-9 PLANTS IN** SWORD FERN / POLYSTICHUM MUNITUM 1 GAL. 24" O.C. **CLUSTERS THROUGHOUT** PLANTING BED OREGON STONECROP / SEDUM OREGONUM 4" POT 32 TOUGH-LEAF IRIS / IRIS TENAX 1 GAL. 24" O.C.

1 GAL

PERMIT SET

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

750 Sixth Street South

Kirkland WA 98033

p 425.822.5242

www.watershedco.com

Science & Design

 \prod

RE

HOR

SHEET SIZE ORIGINAL PLAN IS 22" x 34" SCALE ACCORDINGLY

PROJECT MANAGER: RK **DESIGNED**: RK/MF AS/MF/AF DRAFTED: CHECKED: JOB NUMBER:

200509 SHEET NUMBER:

OF 3

PLANTING PLAN AND SCHEDULE

VACCINIUM OVATUM / EVERGREEN HUCKLEBERRY

CORNUS SERICEA 'KELSEYI' / RED-TWIG DOGWOOD

PACIFIC BAYBERRY / MORELLA CALIFORNICA

MOCK ORANGE / PHILADELPHUS LEWISII

ROSE SPIREA / SPIRAEA DENSIFLORA

CLUSTERED WILD ROSE / ROSA PISOCARPA



NOTES

1. SEE SHEET W3 FOR SITE PREPARATION AND PLANTING DETAILS.

PLANT SCHEDULE

COMMON / BOTANICAL NAME

PAPER BIRCH / BETULA PAPYRIFERA

OREGON ASH / FRAXINUS LATIFOLIA

SHORE PINE / PINUS CONTORTA

COMMON / BOTANICAL NAME

VINE MAPLE / ACER CIRCINATUM

TREES

SHRUBS

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MITIGATION SPECIFICATIONS

OVERVIEW

A COMPREHENSIVE FIVE-YEAR MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING PLAN IS INCLUDED AS PART OF THE SHORELINE AND WETLAND/WETLAND BUFFER ENHANCEMENT. THE PLAN SPECIFIES APPROPRIATE SPECIES FOR PLANTING AND PLANTING TECHNIQUES DESCRIBES PROPER MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES, AND SETS FORTH PERFORMANCE STANDARDS TO BE MET YEARLY DURING MONITORING. THIS WILL ENSURE THAT ENHANCEMENT/RESTORATION PLANTINGS WILL BE MAINTAINED, MONITORED, AND SUCCESSFULLY ESTABLISHED WITHIN THE FIRST FIVE YEARS FOLLOWING IMPLEMENTATION.

PROPOSED RESTORATION BEGINS WITH INCORPORATING COMPOST INTO THE BUFFER ENHANCEMENT AREA. NO COMPOST SHALL BE APPLIED IN THE WETLAND. THIS WILL BE FOLLOWED BY INSTALLATION OF THREE NATIVE TREE SPECIES, SEVEN NATIVE SHRUB SPECIES, AND EIGHT NATIVE GROUNDCOVER SPECIES SUITABLE TO THE SITE. THE PLAN CALLS FOR NEW PLANTINGS WITHIN THE INNER 20-FOOT SHORELINE SETBACK AREA, INCLUDING WITHIN WETLAND A AND THE OVERLAPPING SHORELINE SETBACK/WETLAND A BUFFER. NATIVE PLANTINGS ARE INTENDED TO INCREASE NATIVE PLANT COVER, IMPROVE NATIVE SPECIES DIVERSITY, IMPROVE VEGETATIVE SCREENING, INCREASE VEGETATIVE STRUCTURE, AND PROVIDE FOOD AND OTHER HABITAT RESOURCES FOR WILDLIFE.

GOALS

ENHANCE SHORELINE BUFFERS.

- a. REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACE AREA WITHIN THE WETLAND BUFFER AND SHORELINE SETBACK.
- b. ESTABLISH DENSE AND DIVERSE NATIVE TREE, SHRUB, AND GROUNDCOVER VEGETATION THROUGHOUT THE MITIGATION AREA

PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

THE STANDARDS LISTED BELOW WILL BE USED TO JUDGE THE SUCCESS OF THE PLAN OVER TIME. IF THE STANDARDS ARE MET AT THE END OF THE FIVE-YEAR MONITORING PERIOD, THE CITY SHALL ISSUE RELEASE OF THE PERFORMANCE BOND.

1. SURVIVAL:

- a. 100% SURVIVAL OF ALL INSTALLED TREES AND SHRUBS AT THE END OF YEAR-1. THIS STANDARD MAY BE MET THROUGH ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTALLED PLANTS OR BY REPLANTING AS NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE REQUIRED NUMBERS
- b. 80% SURVIVAL OF ALL INSTALLED TREES AND SHRUBS AT THE END OF YEAR 2. THIS STANDARD MAY BE MET THROUGH ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTALLED PLANTS OR BY REPLANTING AS NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE REQUIRED NUMBERS.
- 2. NATIVE VEGETATION COVER IN PLANTED AREAS:
- a. ACHIEVE AT LEAST 60% COVER OF NATIVE TREES, SHRUBS, AND GROUNDCOVERS IN PLANTED AREAS BY THE END OF YEAR 3. VOLUNTEER SPECIES MAY COUNT TOWARD THIS STANDARD.
- b. ACHIEVE AT LEAST 80% COVER OF NATIVE TREES, SHRUBS, AND GROUNDCOVERS IN PLANTED AREAS BY THE END OF YEAR 5. VOLUNTEER SPECIES MAY COUNT TOWARD THIS STANDARD.
- 3. DIVERSITY: A MINIMUM OF TWO TREE SPECIES, FIVE SHRUB SPECIES, AND FIVE EMERGENT SPECIES WILL BE PRESENT IN THE MITIGATION AREA IN YEARS 3 - 5.
- 4. INVASIVE SPECIES STANDARD: NO MORE THAN 10% COVER OF INVASIVE SPECIES IN THE PLANTING AREA IN ANY MONITORING YEAR. INVASIVE SPECIES ARE DEFINED AS ANY CLASS A, B, OR C NOXIOUS WEEDS AS LISTED BY THE KING COUNTY NOXIOUS WEED CONTROL BOARD.

MONITORING METHODS

THIS MONITORING PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO TRACK THE SUCCESS OF THE MITIGATION SITE OVER TIME BY MEASURING THE DEGREE TO WHICH THE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS LISTED ABOVE ARE BEING MET. AN AS-BUILT PLAN WILL BE PREPARED WITHIN 30 DAYS OF SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION OF THE MITIGATION AREAS. THE AS-BUILT PLAN WILL DOCUMENT CONFORMANCE WITH THESE PLANS AND WILL DISCLOSE ANY SUBSTITUTIONS OR OTHER NON-CRITICAL DEPARTURES. THE AS-BUILT PLAN WILL ESTABLISH BASELINE PLANT INSTALLATION QUANTITIES AND PHOTOPOINTS THAT WILL BE USED THROUGHOUT THE MONITORING PERIOD TO VISUALLY DOCUMENT SITE CHANGES OVER TIME.

MONITORING WILL OCCUR ANNUALLY FOR FIVE YEARS. THE INSPECTION WILL OCCUR IN LATE SUMMER OR FALL AND WILL RECORD THE FOLLOWING AND BE SUBMITTED IN AN ANNUAL REPORT TO THE CITY:

- 1. COUNTS OF SURVIVING AND DEAD/DYING PLANTS BY SPECIES IN THE PLANTING
- ESTIMATES OF NATIVE SPECIES COVER USING COVER CLASS METHOD.
- 3. ESTIMATES OF INVASIVE SPECIES COVER USING COVER CLASS METHOD.
- 4. PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION AT PERMANENT PHOTOPOINTS.
- 5. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MAINTENANCE IN THE MITIGATION AREAS.
- 6. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REPLACEMENT OF ALL DEAD OR DYING PLANT MATERIAL WITH SAME OR LIKE SPECIES AND NUMBER AS ON THE APPROVED PLAN.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL NOTES

THE RESTORATION SPECIALIST WILL OVERSEE THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. CLEARING, SOIL DECOMPACTION, AND COMPOST INCORPORATION;
- 2. INVASIVE WEED CLEARING; AND
- 3. PLANT MATERIAL INSPECTION.
- a) PLANT DELIVERY INSPECTION.
- b) 100% PLANT INSTALLATION INSPECTION.

WORK SEQUENCE

- 1. CLEAR THE PLANTING AREA OF ALL INVASIVE SPECIES USING HAND TOOLS
- 2. ROTO-TILL THREE INCHES OF COMPOST INTO THE UPPER 9 INCHES OF THE SOIL IN BUFFER AREAS ONLY. DO NOT APPLY COMPOST WITHIN THE WETLAND AREA.
- 3. ALL PLANT INSTALLATION WILL TAKE PLACE DURING THE DORMANT SEASON (OCTOBER 15^{1H} TO MARCH 1^{S1})
- 4. LAYOUT VEGETATION TO BE INSTALLED PER THE PLANTING PLAN AND PLANT **SCHEDULE**
- 5. PREPARE A PLANTING PIT FOR EACH PLANT AND INSTALL PER THE PLANTING DETAILS.
- 6. MULCH EACH TREE AND SHRUB WITH A CIRCULAR WOOD CHIP MULCH RING, FOUR INCHES THICK AND EXTENDING SIX INCHES FROM THE BASE OF THE PLANT (12-INCH DIAMETER) IN THE BUFFER AREAS ONLY. DO NOT APPLY MULCH IN WETLAND AREA. ALTERNATIVELY, A BLANKET MULCH APPLICATION MAY BE APPLIED TO THE ENTIRE RESTORATION AREA.

MAINTENANCE

THIS SITE WILL BE MAINTAINED FOR FIVE YEARS FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF THE PLANT INSTALLATION.

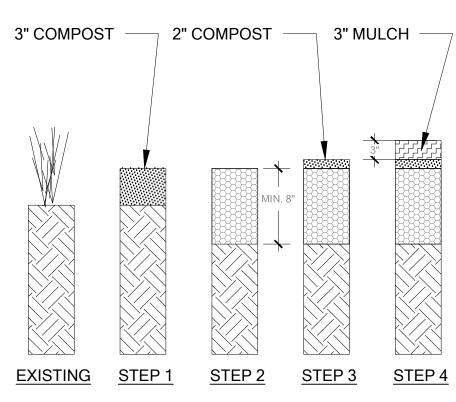
- 1. REPLACE EACH PLANT FOUND DEAD IN THE SUMMER MONITORING VISIT DURING THE UPCOMING FALL DORMANT SEASON (OCTOBER 151H TO MARCH 181)
- 2. INVASIVE SPECIES MAINTENANCE PLAN: HIMALAYAN BLACKBERRY, ENGLISH IVY. ENGLISH LAUREL, AND OTHER INVASIVE WOODY VEGETATION WILL BE GRUBBED OUT BY HAND ON AN ONGOING BASIS, WITH CARE TAKEN TO GRUB OUT ROOTS EXCEPT WHERE SUCH WORK WILL JEOPARDIZE THE ROOTS OF INSTALLED OR VOLUNTEER NATIVE PLANTS. DO NOT USE HERBICIDES IN THE PLANTING AREA
- 3. AT LEAST TWICE YEARLY, REMOVE BY HAND ALL COMPETING WEEDS AND WEED ROOTS FROM BENEATH EACH INSTALLED PLANT AND ANY DESIRABLE VOLUNTEER VEGETATION TO A DISTANCE OF 12 INCHES FROM THE MAIN PLANT STEM. WEEDING SHOULD OCCUR AS NEEDED DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER. FREQUENT WEEDING WILL RESULT IN LOWER MORTALITY AND LOWER PLANT REPLACEMENT COSTS.
- 4. DO NOT WEED THE AREA NEAR THE PLANT BASES WITH STRING TRIMMER (WEED WHACKER). NATIVE PLANTS ARE EASILY DAMAGED OR KILLED. AND WEEDS EASILY RECOVER AFTER TRIMMING.
- 5. MULCH THE WEEDED AREAS BENEATH EACH PLANT WITH WOOD CHIP MULCH AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN A MINIMUM 4-INCH-THICK, 12-INCH-DIAMETER MULCH RING.
- 6. THE TEMPORARY IRRIGATION SYSTEM WILL BE OPERATED TO ENSURE THAT PLANTS RECEIVE A MINIMUM OF ONE INCH OF WATER PER WEEK FROM JUNE 1ST THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30TH FOR THE FIRST TWO YEARS FOLLOWING INSTALLATION. IRRIGATION BEYOND THE SECOND YEAR MAY BE NEEDED BASED ON SITE PERFORMANCE OR SIGNIFICANT REPLANTING.

CONTINGENCY PLAN

IF ALL OR PART OF THE MITIGATION AREA FAILS TO ESTABLISH ACCORDING TO THE GOALS AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS. A CONTINGENCY PLAN SHALL BE DEVELOPED. CONTINGENCY MEASURES MAY INCLUDE. BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO. PLANT SPECIES SUBSTITUTIONS, SOIL AMENDMENTS, HERBIVORE EXCLUSION FENCING. MODIFIED IRRIGATION SCHEDULE. AND ADAPTIVE WEED MANAGEMENT.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

- 1. IRRIGATION SYSTEM: AUTOMATED SYSTEM CAPABLE OF DELIVERING AT LEAST ONE INCH OF WATER PER WEEK FROM JUNE 1 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30 FOR THE FIRST TWO YEARS FOLLOWING INSTALLATION
- 2. RESTORATION PROFESSIONAL: WATERSHED COMPANY [(425) 822-5242)] PERSONNEL, OR OTHER PERSONS QUALIFIED TO EVALUATE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROJECTS.
- 3. WOOD CHIP MULCH: ARBORIST CHIPS (CHIPPED WOODY MATERIAL) APPROXIMATELY 1 TO 3 INCHES IN MAXIMUM DIMENSION (NOT SAWDUST OR COARSE HOG FUEL). THIS MATERIAL IS COMMONLY AVAILABLE IN LARGE QUANTITIES FROM ARBORISTS OR TREE-PRUNING COMPANIES. THIS MATERIAL IS SOLD AS "ANIMAL FRIENDLY HOG FUEL" AT PACIFIC TOPSOILS [(800) 884-7645]. MULCH MUST NOT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE QUANTITIES OF GARBAGE, PLASTIC, METAL, SOIL, AND DIMENSIONAL LUMBER OR CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION DEBRIS. QUANTITY REQUIRED: 17 CUBIC YARDS.
- 4. COMPOST: CEDAR GROVE COMPOST OR EQUIVALENT "COMPOSTED MATERIAL" PER WASHINGTON ADMIN. CODE 173-350-220.



BUFFER MITIGATION AREA SITE PREPARATION

PLANTING AREA PREPARATION STEP 1 IF LAWN REMOVE LAWN AND UNDESIRABLE IF PATIO REMOVE PATIO AND ANY GRAVEL DRAINAGE LAYER. WORK WITHIN EXISTING ROOT ZONES SHALL BE DONE BY HAND. IF LAWN PLACE THREE (3) INCHES COMPOST IF IN PATIO REMOVAL AREA, FIRST BRING GRADE UP TO MATCH ADJACENT GRADE USING IMPORT TOPSOIL PRIOR TO PLACING COMPOST.

INCORPORATE COMPOST TO AN EIGHT (8) INCH DEPTH.

INSTALL MULCH LAYER THREE (3) INCHES DEEP AND INSTALL PLANTS. (SEE PLANTING

PLACE TWO (2) INCH LAYER OF COMPOST

SEE SHEET W1

Scale: NTS

CUT OR

STEP 1

PLANTING AREA PREPARATION **CUT OR MOW ABOVE GROUND INVASIVE** PLANT MATERIAL. REMOVE CLIPPINGS OFFSITE.

INSTALL PLANTS. (SEE PLANTING DETAIL.)

WETLAND MITIGATION AREA SITE PREPARATION В

SEE SHEET W1

Scale: NTS

1. PLANTING PIT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN (2) TIMES THE WIDTH OF THE ROOT BALL DIA. 2. LOOSEN SIDES AND BOTTOMS OF PLANTING PIT 3. SOAK PLANTING PIT AFTER PLANTING

REMOVE FROM POT OR BURLAP & ROUGH-UP ROOT BALL BEFORE INSTALLING. UNTANGLE AND STRAIGHTEN CIRCLING ROOTS - PRUNE IF NECESSARY. IF PLANT IS EXCEPTIONALLY ROOT-BOUND. DO NOT PLANT AND RETURN TO NURSERY FOR AN ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE

SPECIFIED MULCH LAYER, HOLD BACK MULCH FROM TRUNK/STEMS

FINISH GRADE

REMOVE DEBRIS AND LARGE ROCKS FROM PLANTING PIT AND SCARIFY SIDES AND BASE. BACKFILL WITH SPECIFIED SOIL. FIRM UP SOIL AROUND PLANT.

PERMIT

CONTAINER PLANTING DETAIL

– 2X MIN DIA. ROOTBALL —

Scale: NTS

NOT FOR

CONSTRUCTION



750 Sixth Street South Kirkland WA 98033

p 425.822.5242

www.watershedco.com Science & Design

> I PLAN TURMAN WAY 98040

MER(-AND) 4006 MERCI SHORE

SHEET SIZE: ORIGINAL PLAN IS 22" x 34".

SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

PROJECT MANAGER: RK DESIGNED: RK/MF DRAFTED: AS/MF/AF CHECKED: JOB NUMBER:

200509 SHEET NUMBER: OF 3

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MITIGATION DETAILS AND NOTES

Bond Quantity Worksheet



Project Name:

Department of Permitting and Environmental Review 35030 SE Douglas Str, Suite 210 Snoqualmie, WA 98065-9266

206-296-6600 TTY Relay: 711

Critical Areas Mitigation Bond Quantity Worksheet

C24 09/09/2015
Is-wks-sensareaBQ.xls
Is-wks-sensareaBQ.pdf

Mercer Island Mounger Date: 8-Jun-21 Prepared by: Kahlo, R.

Project Number: Project Description: Buffer Reduction and Shoreline Enhancement

| PLANT MATERIALS (includes labor cost for | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--------------|----------------------------------|
| lant installation) | 1 | | | . | T ₂ |
| ype | Unit Price | | Quantity | Description | Cost |
| LANTS: Potted, 4" diameter, medium | \$5.00 \$11.50 | Each | | | \$ 28 |
| LANTS: Container, 1 gallon, medium soil LANTS: Container, 2 gallon, medium soil | \$11.50 \$20.00 | Each Each | | | \$ 1,8 |
| LANTS: Container, 2 gallon, medium soil LANTS: Container, 5 gallon, medium soil | \$20.00 \$36.00 | Each Each | | | \$ 2 |
| LANTS: Seeding, by hand | \$0.50 | SY | 5.50 | | \$ |
| LANTS: Slips (willow, red-osier) | \$2.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| LANTS: Stakes (willow) | \$2.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| LANTS: Stakes (willow) | \$2.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| LANTS: Flats/plugs | \$2.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| NSTALLATION COSTS (LABOR, EQUI | PMFNT & OVE | RHEAD) | | TOTAL | \$ 2,3 |
| ype | Unit Price | Unit | | | Cost |
| ompost, vegetable, delivered and spread | \$37.88 | CY | 6.00 | | \$ 22 |
| ecompacting till/hardpan, medium, to 6" depth | \$1.57 | CY | 6.00 | | \$ |
| ecompacting till/hardpan, medium, to 12" depth | \$1.57 | CY | | | \$ |
| ydroseeding | \$0.51 | SY | | | \$ |
| abor, general (landscaping other than plant installation) | \$40.00 \$40.00 | HR | 16.00 | | \$ 64 |
| abor, general (construction) | \$40.00 \$55.00 | HR HR | | | \$ |
| abor: Consultant, supervising | \$55.00 \$95.00 | HR HR | | | \$ |
| abor: Consultant, on-site re-design | \$95.00 \$70.00 | HR HR | _ | _ | \$ 28 |
| ental of decompacting machinery & operator and, coarse builder's, delivered and spread | \$70.00 \$42.00 | HR CY | 4.00 | | \$ 28 |
| and, coarse builder's, delivered and spread aking material (set per tree) | \$42.00 \$7.00 | CY Each | | | \$ \$ |
| aking material (set per tree) urveying, line & grade | \$7.00 \$250.00 | Each HR | | <u> </u> | \$ \$ |
| ırveying, line & grade ırveying, topographical | \$250.00 \$250.00 | HR HR | | | \$ |
| atering, 1" of water, 50' soaker hose | \$250.00 | MSF | _ | | \$ |
| igation - temporary | \$3,000.00 | Acre | 0.03 | | \$ |
| igation - buried | \$4,500.00 | Acre | | | \$ |
| ling topsoil, disk harrow, 20hp tractor, 4"-6" deep | \$1.02 | SY | | | \$ |
| . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | TOTAL | \$ 1,2 |
| ABITAT STRUCTURES* | | | | | 1,,, |
| EMS | Unit Cost | Unit | | | Cost |
| scines (willow) | \$ 2.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| gs, (cedar), w/ root wads, 16"-24" diam., 30' long | \$1,000.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| gs (cedar) w/o root wads, 16"-24" diam., 30' | \$400.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| gs, w/o root wads, 16"-24" diam., 30' long | \$245.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| gs w/ root wads, 16"-24" diam., 30' long | \$460.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| ocks, one-man | \$60.00 \$120.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| ocks, two-man | \$120.00 \$163.00 | Each Each | | | \$ \$ |
| oot wads pawning gravel, type A | \$163.00 \$22.00 | Each CY | | † | \$ \$ |
| awning gravel, type A eir - log | \$22.00 \$1,500.00 | CY Each | | † | \$ \$ |
| eir - log eir - adjustable | \$1,500.00 \$2,000.00 | Each Each | | 1 | \$ \$ |
| eir - adjustable pody debris, large | \$2,000.00 \$163.00 | Each Each | | | \$ |
| pody debris, large lags - anchored | \$163.00 \$400.00 | Each Each | | <u> </u> | \$ |
| ags - ancnored ags - on site | \$50.00 | Each | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | \$ |
| ags - imported | \$800.00 | Each | | | \$ |
| * All costs include delivery and installation | | | | TOTAL | \$ |
| ROSION CONTROL EMS | Unit Cost | Unit | | | Cost |
| ckfill and Compaction-embankment | 9 4.89 | Unit | | <u>.</u> | Cost \$ |
| ckfill and Compaction-embankment ushed surfacing, 1 1/4" minus | \$ 4.89 | CY | | | \$ |
| ching | \$30.00 | CY | | † | \$ |
| cavation, bulk | \$4.00 | CY | | L | \$ |
| nce, silt | \$1.60 | LF | | | \$ |
| te Mesh | \$1.26 | SY | | | \$ |
| ılch, by hand, straw, 2" deep | \$1.27 | SY | | | \$ |
| llch, by hand, wood chips, 2" deep | \$3.25 | SY | 48.00 | | \$ 15 |
| ılch, by machine, straw, 1" deep | \$0.32 | SY | | | \$ |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 6" | \$9.30 \$14.00 | LF LF | <u> </u> | | \$ |
| | \$14.00 \$18.00 | LF LF | | <u> </u> | \$ \$ |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 8" | \$18.00 | LF SY | | | \$ \$ |
| ing, temporary, CPP, 8" ing, temporary, CPP, 12" | Δα | | | | \$ \$ |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 8" oing, temporary, CPP, 12" astic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged | \$2.00 \$33.98 | CY | | + | \$ \$ |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 8" oing, temporary, CPP, 12" ostic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged o Rap, machine placed, slopes | \$2.00 \$33.98 \$3,000.00 | Each | 1 | | ∎ w |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 8" oing, temporary, CPP, 12" ustic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged o Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' | \$33.98 | | | | \$ |
| sing, temporary, CPP, 8" sing, temporary, CPP, 12" stic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 | Each | | | |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 8" oing, temporary, CPP, 12" astic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged o Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' diment pond riser assembly | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 | Each Each | | | \$ |
| sing, temporary, CPP, 8" sing, temporary, CPP, 12" stic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' diment pond riser assembly diment trap, 5' high berm | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 \$1,695.11 | Each Each Each | | | \$ |
| bing, temporary, CPP, 8" bing, temporary, CPP, 12" astic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged b Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' diment pond riser assembly diment trap, 5' high berm diment trap, 5' high berm w/spillway incl. riprap | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 \$1,695.11 \$15.57 | Each Each Each LF | | | \$ \$ \$ |
| oing, temporary, CPP, 8" oing, temporary, CPP, 12" astic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged o Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' diment pond riser assembly diment trap, 5' high berm diment trap, 5' high berm w/spillway incl. riprap dding, 1" deep, level ground | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 \$1,695.11 \$15.57 \$59.60 | Each Each Each LF LF | | | \$ \$ \$ \$ |
| sing, temporary, CPP, 8" sing, temporary, CPP, 12" stic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged o Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' diment pond riser assembly diment trap, 5' high berm diment trap, 5' high berm w/spillway incl. riprap dding, 1" deep, level ground dding, 1" deep, sloped ground | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 \$1,695.11 \$15.57 \$59.60 \$5.24 | Each Each Each LF LF SY | | | \$ \$ \$ \$ |
| | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 \$1,695.11 \$15.57 \$59.60 \$5.24 \$6.48 | Each Each Each LF SY SY TON CY | | | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ |
| bing, temporary, CPP, 8" bing, temporary, CPP, 12" stic covering, 6mm thick, sandbagged b Rap, machine placed, slopes ck Constr. Entrance 100'x15'x1' ck Constr. Entrance 50'x15'x1' diment pond riser assembly diment trap, 5' high berm diment trap, 5' high berm w/spillway incl. riprap dding, 1" deep, level ground dding, 1" deep, sloped ground aw bales, place and remove | \$33.98 \$3,000.00 \$1,500.00 \$1,695.11 \$15.57 \$59.60 \$5.24 \$6.48 \$600.00 | Each Each Each LF LF SY SY | | | \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ |

| ITEMS | Unit Cost | Unit | | | | Cost | |
|--|---------------|------------------|-----------------|--|-------------------|----------|----------|
| Fencing, chain link, 6' high | \$18.89 | | | | | \$ | |
| Fencing, chain link, corner posts | \$111.17 | Each | | | | \$ | |
| Fencing, chain link, gate | \$277.63 | | | | | \$ | |
| Fencing, split rail, 3' high (2-rail) | \$10.54 | | | | | \$ | - |
| Fencing, temporary (NGPE) | \$1.20 | LF | | | | \$ | - |
| Signs, sensitive area boundary (inc. backing, post, install) | \$28.50 | Each | | | | \$ | - |
| | | | | | TOTAL | \$ | - |
| OTHER | | | | (Construction C | Cost Subtotal) | \$ | 3,769.20 |
| | Percentage | | | | | | |
| ITEMS | of | | | | | | |
| | Construction | Unit | | | | Cost | |
| Mobilization | 10% | 1 | | | | \$ | 376.92 |
| Contingency | 30% | 1 | | | _ | \$ | 1,130.76 |
| | | | | | TOTAL | \$ | 1,507.68 |
| IAINTENANCE AND MONITORING | monitoring ar | nd maintenance t | erms. This will | ments may be require be evaluated on a ca d maintance ranges m | ise-by-case basis | | |
| Maintenance, annual (by owner or consultant) | | | | | | | |
| Less than 1,000 sq.ft. and buffer mitigation only | \$ 1.08 | SF | | (3 X SF total for 3 Includes monitoring | g) | \$ | - |
| Less than 1,000 sq.ft. with wetland or aquatic area mitigation | \$ 1.35 | SF | | (3 X SF total for 3 a Includes monitoring | | \$ | - |
| Larger than 1,000 sq. ft. but less than 5,000 sq.ft. of buffer mitigation | \$ 180.00 | EACH | 5.00 | (4hr @\$45/hr) | 57 | \$ | 900.00 |
| Larger than 1,000 sq. ft. but less than 5,000 sq.ft. of wetland or aquatic area mitigation | \$ 270.00 | EACH | | (6hr @\$45/hr) | | \$ | - |
| Larger than 5,000 sq.ft. but < 1 acre -buffer mitigation only | \$ 360.00 | EACH | | (8 hrs @ 45/hr) | | \$ | - |
| Larger than 5,000 sq.ft. but < 1 acre with wetland or aquatic area mitigation | \$ 450.00 | EACH | | (10 hrs @ \$45/hr) | | \$ | |
| Larger than 1 acre but < 5 acres - buffer and / or wetland or aquatic area mitigation | \$ 1,600.00 | DAY | | (WEC crew) | | \$ | _ |
| Larger than 5 acres - buffer and / or wetland or aquatic area mitigation | \$ 2,000.00 | DAY | | (1.25 X WEC crew | ١ | \$ | |
| Monitoring, annual (by owner or consultant) | 2,000.00 | 2711 | | (1.20 X VV2 0 0 0 W | <i>)</i> | * | |
| Larger than 1,000 sq.ft. but less than 5,000 wetland or buffer mitigation | \$ 720.00 | EACH | 6.00 | (8 hrs @ 90/hr) | | \$ | 4,320.00 |
| Larger than 5,000 sq.ft. but < 1 acre with wetland or aquatic area impacts | \$ 900.00 | EACH | | (10 hrs @ \$90/hr) | | \$ | - |
| Larger than 1 acre but < 5 acres - buffer and / or wetland or aquatic area impacts | \$ 1,440.00 | DAY | | (16 hrs @ \$90/hr) | | \$ | - |
| Larger than5 acres - buffer and / or wetland or aquatic area impacts | \$ 2,160.00 | DAY | | (24 hrs @ \$90/hr) | | \$ | _ |
| | | | | · | TOTAL | \$ | 5,220.00 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Wetland Rating Forms and Figures

RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #): Wetland A Date of site visit: 6/1/2020Rated by: Kahlo, R. Trained by Ecology? \boxtimes Y \square N Date of training: 09/2014

HGM Class used for rating: Lake-fringe Wetland has multiple HGM classes? \square Y \boxtimes N

NOTE: Form is not complete without the figures requested (figures can be combined). Source of base aerial photo/map: Google Earth, WA Coastal Atlas

OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY (based on functions ⊠ or special characteristics □)

1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

- ☐ Category I Total score = 23 27
- ☐ Category II Total score = 20 22
- ☐ Category IV Total score = 9 15

| FUNCTION | | mprov iter Q | _ | Hy | ydrolo | gic | | Habita | at | |
|------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|---|----------|--------|----------|---|--------|----------|-------|
| | | Circle the appropriate ratings | | | | | | | | |
| Site Potential | Н | M | L | Н | М | <u>L</u> | Н | М | <u>L</u> | |
| Landscape Potential | <u>H</u> | М | L | Н | M | L | Н | М | <u>L</u> | |
| Value | <u>H</u> | М | L | <u>H</u> | М | L | Н | M | L | TOTAL |
| Score Based on Ratings | | 8 | | | 6 | | | 4 | | 18 |

2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

| CHARACTERISTIC | CATEGORY | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Estuarine | I | II |
| Wetland of High Conservation Value | | I |
| Bog | I | |
| Mature Forest | I | |
| Old Growth Forest | | I |
| Coastal Lagoon | I | II |
| Interdunal | I II | III IV |
| None of the above | | \boxtimes |

Score for each function based on three ratings (order of ratings is not important)

9 = H,H,H

8 = H,H,M

7 = H,H,L 7 = H,M,M

7 = H,IVI,IVI 6 = H,M,L

6 = M,M,M

5 = H,L,L

5 = M,M,L 4 = M,L,L

3 = L,L,L

Wetland name or number: Wetland A

Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington

Lake Fringe Wetlands

| Map of: | To answer questions: | Figure # |
|---|----------------------------|----------|
| Cowardin plant classes | L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4 | 1 |
| Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants | L 1.2 | 1 |
| Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (can be added to another figure) | L 2.2 | 1 |
| 1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat | H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3 | 2 |
| Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website) | L 3.1, L 3.2 | 3 |
| Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web) | L 3.3 | 3 |

HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

| 1. | Are the water levels in th | e entire unit usually contro | lled by tides except during floods? |
|----|--|---|---|
| | ⊠NO – go to 2 | \Box YES – th | e wetland class is Tidal Fringe – go to 1.1 |
| 1 | 1.1 Is the salinity of the wa | ter during periods of annua | al low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)? |
| | | classified as a Freshwater Ti ie it is an Estuarine wetland | YES – Freshwater Tidal Fringe dal Fringe use the forms for Riverine wetlands. If it and is not scored. This method cannot be used to |
| 2. | | s flat and precipitation is the are NOT sources of water t | e only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater to the unit. |
| | \boxtimes NO – go to 3 If your wetland can be clo | nssified as a Flats wetland, u | \square YES – The wetland class is Flats se the form for Depressional wetlands. |
| 3. | ⊠The vegetated part of t plants on the surface a | unit meet all of the following the wetland is on the shores at any time of the year) at less en water area is deeper tha | s of a body of permanent open water (without any east 20 ac (8 ha) in size; |
| | □ NO – go to 4 | ⊻YES - The wetland | d class is Lake Fringe (Lacustrine Fringe) |
| 4. | ☐ The wetland is on a slo ☐ The water flows throu seeps. It may flow sul | _ | tion (unidirectional) and usually comes from a swale without distinct banks, |
| | \square NO – go to 5 | | \square YES – The wetland class is Slope |
| | | | f wetlands except occasionally in very small and ions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft |
| 5. | ☐ The unit is in a valley, stream or river, | unit meet all of the following or stream channel, where it goccurs at least once every | gets inundated by overbank flooding from that |

| Wet | land etland name or number: Wetland A |
|-----|---|
| | □NO – go to 6 NOTE : The Riverine unit can contain depressions th flooding |
| 6. | Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression |

■YES - The wetland class is **Riverine**

at are filled with water when the river is not

on in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? *This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior* of the wetland.

| \square NO – go to 7 | \Box YES - The wetland class is Depressional |
|------------------------|--|

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched, but has no obvious natural outlet.

| \square NO – go to 8 | ☐ YES – The wetland class is Depressional |
|------------------------|---|
| □ NO - go to o | - I LS - The Wedanu class is Depi essional |

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

NOTE: Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

| HGM classes within the wetland unit being rated | HGM class to use in rating |
|---|----------------------------|
| Slope + Riverine | Riverine |
| Slope + Depressional | Depressional |
| Slope + Lake Fringe | Lake Fringe |
| Depressional + Riverine along stream | Depressional |
| within boundary of depression | |
| Depressional + Lake Fringe | Depressional |
| Riverine + Lake Fringe | Riverine |
| Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other | Treat as |
| class of freshwater wetland | ESTUARINE |

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have more than 2 HGM classes within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

| LAKE FRINGE WETLANDS | |
|--|----------------|
| Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality | |
| L 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality? | |
| L 1.1. Average width of plants along the lakeshore (use polygons of Cowardin classes): | |
| \square Plants are more than 33 ft (10 m) wide points = 6 | |
| \square Plants are more than 16 ft (5 m) wide and <33 ft points = 3 | 1 |
| \boxtimes Plants are more than 6 ft (2 m) wide and <16 ft points = 1 | |
| ☐ Plants are less than 6 ft wide points = 0 | |
| L 1.2. Characteristics of the plants in the wetland: Choose the appropriate description that results in the highest points, and do not include any open water in your estimate of coverage. The herbaceous plants can be either the dominant form or as an understory in a shrub or forest community. These are not Cowardin classes. Area of cover is total cover in the unit, but it can be in patches. Herbaceous does not include aquatic bed. □ Cover of herbaceous plants is > 90% of the vegetated area □ Cover of herbaceous plants is > 2/3 of the vegetated area □ Cover of herbaceous plants is > 1/3 of the vegetated area □ Other plants that are not aquatic bed > 2/3 unit □ Other plants that are not aquatic bed in > 1/3 vegetated area □ Aquatic bed plants and open water cover > 2/3 of the unit □ Aquatic bed plants and open water cover > 2/3 of the unit | 6 |
| Total for L 1 Add the points in the boxes above | 7 |
| Rating of Site Potential If score is: $\square 8-12 = H \square 4-7 = M \square 0-3 = L$ Record the rating or | the first page |
| L 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site? | |
| L 2.1. Is the lake used by power boats? $	extstyle 	ext$ | 1 |
| L 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of wetland unit on the upland side in land uses that generate pollutants? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $ | 1 |
| L 2.3. Does the lake have problems with algal blooms or excessive plant growth such as milfoil? \boxtimes Yes = 1 \square No = 0 | 1 |
| Total for L 2 Add the points in the boxes above | 3 |
| Rating of Landscape Potential: If score is: $\square 2$ or $3 = H$ $\square 1 = M$ $\square 0 = L$ Record the rating or | the first page |
| L 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society? | |
| L 3.1. Is the lake on the 303(d) list of degraded aquatic resources? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $ | 1 |
| L 3.2. Is the lake in a sub-basin where water quality is an issue (at least one aquatic resource in the basin is on the 303(d) list)? \boxtimes Yes = 1 \square No = 0 | 1 |
| L 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality? Answer YES if there is a TMDL for the lake or basin in which the unit is found. \Box Yes = 2 \boxtimes No = 0 | 0 |
| Total for L 3 Add the points in the boxes above | 2 |

Rating of Value If score is: $\boxtimes 2-4 = H \square 1 = M \square 0 = L$

Record the rating on the first page

Wetland wetland name or number: Wetland A

| LAKE FRINGE WETLANDS | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|--|
| Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the wetland unit functions to reduce | shoreline erosio | on | |
| L 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce shoreline erosion? | | | |
| L 4.1. Distance along shore and average width of Cowardin classes along the lakeshore (do not include | Aquatic bed): | | |
| Choose the highest scoring description that matches conditions in the wetland. | | | |
| $\square>$ % of distance is Scrub-shrub or Forested at least 33 ft (10 m) wide | points = 6 | | |
| $\square>$ % of distance is Scrub-shrub or Forested at least 6 ft (2 m) wide | points = 4 | 2 | |
| $\square>$ % distance is Scrub-shrub or Forested at least 33 ft (10 m) wide | points = 4 | | |
| ☑ Plants are at least 6 ft (2 m) wide (any type except Aquatic bed) | points = 2 | | |
| ☐ Plants are less than 6 ft (2 m) wide (any type except Aquatic bed) | points = 0 | | |
| Rating of Site Potential: If score is: $\Box 6 = M \boxtimes 0-5 = L$ | cord the rating on t | the first page | |
| | | | |
| L 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the hydrologic functions of the site? | | | |
| L 5.1. Is the lake used by power boats with more than 10 hp? | es = 1 | 1 | |
| L 5.2. Is the fetch on the lake side of the unit at least 1 mile in distance? | es = 1 🗵 No = 0 | 0 | |
| Total for L 5 Add the points in th | e boxes above | 1 | |
| Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: $\Box 2 = H \ \Box 1 = M \ \Box 0 = L$ Record the rating on the | | | |
| L 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? | | | |
| L 6.1. Are there resources along the shore that can be impacted by erosion? If more than one resource | is present, | | |
| choose the one with the highest score. | • | | |
| ☐ There are human structures or old growth/mature forests within 25 ft of OHWM of the shore | e in the unit. | | |
| | points = 2 | 2 | |
| \square There are nature trails or other paths and recreational activities within 25 ft of OHWM | points = 1 | 2 | |
| ☐ Other resources that could be impacted by erosion | points = 1 | | |
| ☐ There are no resources that can be impacted by erosion along the shores of the unit | points = 0 | | |
| | | | |

Rating of Value: If score is: $\boxtimes 2 = H$ $\Box 1 = M$ $\Box 0 = L$

Record the rating on the first page

NOTES and FIELD OBSERVATIONS:

| H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat? | |
|---|---|
| H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures checked. □ Aquatic bed | 0 |
| H 1.2. Hydroperiods Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or ¼ ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods). Permanently flooded or inundated 4 or more types present: points = 3 Seasonally flooded or inundated 3 types present: points = 2 Coccasionally flooded or inundated 2 types present: points = 1 Saturated only 1 type present: points = 0 Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland Lake Fringe wetland Freshwater tidal wetland 2 points | 0 |
| H 1.3. Richness of plant species Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft². Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian thistle If you counted: □ > 19 species points = 2 □ 5 - 19 species points = 1 □ < 5 species points = 0 | 0 |
| H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high. None = 0 points Low = 1 point Moderate = 2 points All three diagrams in this row are HIGH = 3points | 0 |

| Wetland | name | ٥r | number. | W | /etl | and | Α |
|---------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------|-----|----|
| vvcuanu | mame v | UI. | Humber. | v v | Cu | anu | 41 |

| Wetland name or number: Wetland A | 1 | |
|---|--|---------------|
| H 1.5. Special habitat features: | the action in the account of the second | |
| Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. <i>The number of c</i> | - · · | |
| ☐ Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (> 4 in diameter and 6 to 1) | ft long). | |
| ☐ Standing snags (dbh > 4 in) within the wetland. | | |
| ☐ Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) AND/OR | | |
| overhanging plants extends at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a stream (or ditcleast 3.4 ft (10 m). | h) in, or contiguous with the | 0 |
| ☐ Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or mu | iskrat for denning (> 30 degree | J |
| slope) OR | askide for defining (* 50 degree | |
| signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that it | have not vet weathered where | |
| wood is exposed). | , | |
| ☐ At least ¼ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are p | present in areas that are | |
| permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amph | nibians). | |
| Total for H 1 | Add the points in the boxes above | 0 |
| Rating of Site Potential If score is: \Box 15-18 = H \Box 7-14 = M \boxtimes 0-6 = L | Record the rating on t | he first page |
| H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat function | ons of the site? | |
| H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only habitat that directly abuts wetland unit). | | |
| Calculate: % undisturbed habitat + [(%moderate and low intensity land uses | s)/2] = 0% + (0%/2) = 18% | |
| If total accessible habitat is: | , , , , | |
| \square > 1/3 (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon | points = 3 | 0 |
| ☐ 20-33% of 1 km Polygon | points = 2 | U |
| <u> </u> | | |
| ☐ 10-19% of 1 km Polygon | points = 1 | |
| | nigh-intensity land use points = 0 | |
| H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland. | \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | |
| Calculate: % undisturbed habitat + [(%moderate and low intensity land uses | | |
| ☐ Undisturbed habitat > 50% of Polygon | points = 3 | 2 |
| ☐ Undisturbed habitat 10-50% and in 1-3 patches | points = 2 | |
| ☐ Undisturbed habitat 10-50% and > 3 patches | points = 1 | |
| ☐ Undisturbed habitat < 10% of 1 km Polygon | points = 0 | |
| H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon: If | | |
| \boxtimes > 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use | points = (- 2) | -2 |
| \Box ≤ 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity | points = 0 | |
| Total for H 2 | Add the points in the boxes above | 0 |
| Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: $\Box 4-6 = H \Box 1-3 = M \boxtimes < 1 = L$ | Record the rating on th | e first page |
| H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society? | | |
| H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or polici | ies? Choose only the highest score | |
| that applies to the wetland being rated. | | |
| Site meets ANY of the following criteria: | points = 2 | |
| \Box It has 3 or more priority habitats within 100 m (see next page) <u>Inclu</u> e | ded deep water | |
| It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant | or animal on the state or federal lists) | |
| ☐ It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW priority species | _ | 1 |
| ☐ It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Dep | | |
| ☐ It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regi | onal comprehensive plan, | |
| in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan | | |
| ☐ Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats (listed on next page) within 100 m | points = 1 | |
| ☐ Site does not meet any of the criteria above | points = 0 | |

Rating of Value If score is: $\Box 2 = H \boxtimes 1 = M \Box 0 = L$

Record the rating on the first page

WDFW Priority Habitats

<u>Priority habitats listed by WDFW</u> (see complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington. 177 pp. http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf or access the list from here: http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/list/)

Count how many of the following priority habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit: **NOTE:** This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the priority habitat.

| ☐ Aspen Stands: Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha). |
|---|
| ☐ Biodiversity Areas and Corridors : Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife (<i>full descriptions in WDFW PHS report</i>). |
| \square Herbaceous Balds: Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock. |
| □ Old-growth/Mature forests: Old-growth west of Cascade crest – Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi- layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) > 32 in (81 cm) dbh or > 200 years of age. Mature forests – Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest. |
| □ Oregon White Oak: Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important (<i>full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 158 – see web link above</i>). |
| ☑ Riparian : The area adjacent to aquatic systems with flowing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other. |
| □ Westside Prairies: Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie (<i>full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 161 – see web link above</i>). |
| ☐ Instream: The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. |
| □ Nearshore : Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore. (full descriptions of habitats and the definition of relatively undisturbed are in WDFW report – see web link on previous page). |
| \Box Caves: A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human. |
| \Box Cliffs: Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation. |
| \Box Talus: Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs. |
| □ Snags and Logs: Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long. |
| |

Note: All vegetated wetlands are by definition a priority habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed

elsewhere.

CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Wetland Type | Category |
|--|----------|
| Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the category when the appropriate criteria are met. | |
| SC 1.0. Estuarine wetlands | |
| Does the wetland meet the following criteria for Estuarine wetlands? | |
| ☐ The dominant water regime is tidal, | |
| ☐ Vegetated, and | |
| ☐ With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt ☐ Yes —Go to SC 1.1 ☐ No= Not an estuarine wetland | |
| SC 1.1. Is the wetland within a National Wildlife Refuge, National Park, National Estuary Reserve, Natural Area | 6-4-1 |
| Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environmental, or Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151? | Cat. I |
| □Yes = Category I □No - Go to SC 1.2 | |
| SC 1.2. Is the wetland unit at least 1 ac in size and meets at least two of the following three conditions? | Cat. I |
| ☐ The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing, and has | Cat. 1 |
| less than 10% cover of non-native plant species. (If non-native species are <i>Spartina</i> , see page 25) \Box At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or | |
| un- mowed grassland. | Cat. II |
| \Box The wetland has at least two of the following features: tidal channels, depressions with open water, | |
| or contiguous freshwater wetlands. | |
| | ļ |
| SC 2.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHCV) | |
| SC 2.1. Has the WA Department of Natural Resources updated their website to include the list of Wetlands of High | |
| Conservation Value? \Box Yes – Go to SC 2.2 \Box No – Go to SC 2.3 SC 2.2. Is the wetland listed on the WDNR database as a Wetland of High Conservation Value? | |
| http://www.dnr.wa.gov/NHPwetlandviewer | |
| SC 2.3. Is the wetland in a Section/Township/Range that contains a Natural Heritage wetland? | Cat. I |
| http://file.dnr.wa.gov/publications/amp nh wetlands trs.pdf | |
| □Yes – Contact WNHP/WDNR and go to SC 2.4 □No = Not a WHCV | |
| SC 2.4. Has WDNR identified the wetland within the S/T/R as a Wetland of High Conservation Value and listed it on | |
| their website? \Box Yes = Category I \Box No = Not a WHCV | |
| SC 3.0. Bogs | |
| Does the wetland (or any part of the unit) meet both the criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs? Use the key | |
| below. If you answer YES you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions. | |
| SC 3.1. Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soil horizons, either peats or mucks, that compose 16 in or | |
| more of the first 32 in of the soil profile? \Box Yes – Go to SC 3.3 \Box No – Go to SC 3.2 | |
| SC 3.2. Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soils, either peats or mucks, that are less than 16 in deep over bedrock, or an impermeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or | |
| pond? \Box Yes $-$ Go to SC 3.3 \Box No $=$ Is not a bog | |
| SC 3.3. Does an area with peats or mucks have more than 70% cover of mosses at ground level, AND at least a 30% | Cat. I |
| cover of plant species listed in Table 4? \square Yes = Is a Category I bog \square No – Go to SC 3.4 | |
| NOTE: If you are uncertain about the extent of mosses in the understory, you may substitute that criterion by | |
| measuring the pH of the water that seeps into a hole dug at least 16 in deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and the | |
| plant species in Table 4 are present, the wetland is a bog. | |
| SC 3.4. Is an area with peats or mucks forested (> 30% cover) with Sitka spruce, subalpine fir, western red cedar, | |
| western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Engelmann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the | |
| species (or combination of species) listed in Table 4 provide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy? | |
| ☐ Yes = Is a Category I bog ☐ No = Is not a bog | |

| SC 4.0. Forested Wetlands | |
|--|---------------|
| Does the wetland have at least 1 contiguous acre of forest that meets one of these criteria for the WA Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as priority habitats? If you answer YES you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions. Old-growth forests (west of Cascade crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) that are at least 200 years of age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 in (81 cm) or more. Mature forests (west of the Cascade Crest): Stands where the largest trees are 80- 200 years old OR the species that make up the canopy have an average diameter (dbh) exceeding 21 in (53 cm). | Cat. I |
| ☐Yes = Category I ☐ No = Not a forested wetland for this section | |
| SC 5.0. Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons | |
| Does the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon? | |
| \square The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated | |
| from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks | |
| ☐ The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains ponded water that is saline or brackish (> 0.5 | |
| ppt) during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (needs to be measured near the | Cat. I |
| bottom) | |
| \Box Yes – Go to SC 5.1 \Box No = Not a wetland in a coastal lagoon SC 5.1. Does the wetland meet all of the following three conditions? | |
| ☐ The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has | Cat. II |
| less than 20% cover of aggressive, opportunistic plant species (see list of species on p. 100). | Cat. II |
| ☐ At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or | |
| un- mowed grassland. | |
| \Box The wetland is larger than $^1/_{10}$ ac (4350 ft ²) | |
| □Yes = Category I □No = Category II | |
| SC 6.0. Interdunal Wetlands | |
| Is the wetland west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)? If | |
| you answer yes you will still need to rate the wetland based on its habitat functions. | 6-4.1 |
| In practical terms that means the following geographic areas: | Cat I |
| ☐ Long Beach Peninsula: Lands west of SR 103 | |
| ☐ Grayland-Westport: Lands west of SR 105 | |
| ☐ Ocean Shores-Copalis: Lands west of SR 115 and SR 109 | Cat. II |
| \square Yes $-$ Go to SC 6.1 \square No = not an interdunal wetland for rating | Cat. II |
| SC 6.1. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger and scores an 8 or 9 for the habitat functions on the form (rates H,H,H or H,H,M | |
| for the three aspects of function)? \Box Yes = Category I \Box No – Go to SC 6.2 | Cat. III |
| SC 6.2. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is 1 ac or larger? | |
| Yes = Category II □ No – Go to SC 6.3 | |
| SC 6.3. Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 ac, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 ac? | Cat. IV |
| Yes = Category IV | |
| | |
| Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics | Click here to |
| If you answered No for all types, enter "Not Applicable" on Summary Form | enter text. |

| Wetland name or number | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | This page left blank intentionally |



Figure 1: L1.1., L 4.1, H1.1, H1.4, L1.2, L2.2

Wetland A, PEM, Saturated only

150-foot radius



Figure 2: H2.1, H2.2, H2.3

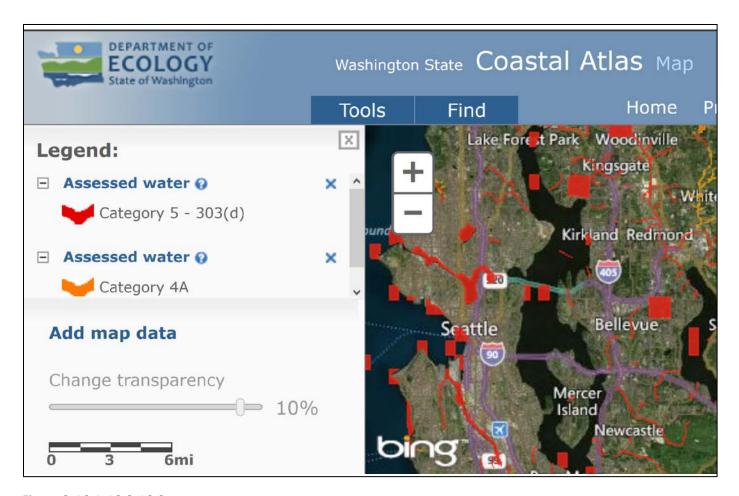


Figure 3: L3.1, L3.2, L3.3

Wetland Data Forms



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

DP - 1

| Project/Site: Mounger Residence | | | | City/County | y: Merce | r Island / King | g Samp | ling date | e: <u>6/1/20</u> |) |
|--|---------------|----------|--------|------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| Applicant/Owner: _ Mounger | | | | | | State: | WA Sai | mpling P | oint: 1 | |
| Investigator(s): Kahlo, R. | | | | Section, Town | ship, Rang | <u>—</u> је: S17, T2 | 4N, R5E | | | |
| Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc): Lakes | | | | Local relief (co | | | | | Slope (%): | 5 |
| Subregion (LRR): A Lat: - | | | | · | | • | _ | | , | |
| Soil Map Unit Name: Kitsap silt loam, 1 | | | | 9. | | sification: | _ | | | |
| Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the s | • | | | 2 ⊠ Yes □ | - | - | | | | |
| Are Vegetation \square , Soil \square , or Hydrology \square | • • | | • | | , | ances" prese | , | 2 ⊠ Vo | s 🗆 No | |
| Are Vegetation \square , Soil \square , or Hydrology \square | - | | | | | | | : 🖂 I C: | 2 MO | |
| | | | omolii | | | y answers in | | o oto | | |
| SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attact Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? | Yes 🗵 | No | | ng point locat | ions, tran | secis, impor | tant leature | s, etc. | | |
| | | | | | ampled A | | Yes | ⋈ | No □ | |
| Hydric Soils Present? | | No | | within | a Wetlan | d? | Yes | | No ∐ | |
| Wetland Hydrology Present? | Yes ⊠ | No | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks: Wetland A inpit | | | | | | | | | | |
| VEGETATION – Use scientific name | es of plants. | | | | | | | | | |
| Troc Ctratum (Diet size: F m diameter) | | Absolute | | ominant Indic | | minance Tes | | | | |
| Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5-m diameter) 1. | | % Cover | Sp | pecies? Stat | | mber of Domi t are OBL, FA | | | 2 | (A) |
| 2 | | | | | | al Number of | | | 2 | |
| 3. 4. | | | | | | ecies Across | | | | _ (B) |
| 4 | | | _ = | Total Cover | | cent of Domi tare OBL, FA | | | 100 | (A/B) |
| Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3-m dia | meter) | | | | Pre | valence Inde | ex workshee | t: | | |
| 1. | | | | | | al % Cover of | <u>f:</u> | Multip | ly by: | |
| 2. 3. | | | | | | L species CW species | | x 1 = x 2 = | | _ |
| 4. | | | | | FA | C species | | x 3 = | | |
| 5 | | | | | | CU species | | _ x 4 = | | |
| Herb Stratum (Plot size: 1-m diameter) | = | | _ = | Total Cover | | L species umn Totals: | - | _ x 5 = (A) | | — (B) |
| 1. Holcus lanatus | | 70 | | Yes FA | AC: | valence Inde | y = Β/Δ = | (, ,) | | (-) |
| Lotus corniculatus Iris pseudacorus | | 40 15 | | Yes FA | AC . | | c Vegetation | Indicat | toroi | |
| 3. <u>Iris pseudacorus</u> 4. | | | | No OI | | , , | est for Hydro | | | |
| 5 | | | | | \boxtimes | | nce Test is > | | | |
| 6. 7. | | | | | | - | nce Index is ≤ ogical Adapta | | Provide sur | norting |
| 7. 8. | | | | | | data in l | Remarks or o | n a sepa | arate sheet) | |
| 9 | | | | | | | Non-Vascula | | | |
| 10 11 | | | | | | Problematic dicators of hyd | Hydrophytic | - | | |
| | | | | Total Cover | | sent, unless o | | | | nuot be |
| Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3-m diam | , | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | drophytic getation | Ye | s 🏻 | No 🗆 | 1 |
| | | | _ = . | Total Cover | | esent? | 16 | - <u> 1</u> | .10 _ | - |
| % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

SOIL Sampling Point: DP-1

| Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Depth Marix | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Color (moist) | | | e to the c | lepth needed | | | or confirm the al | osence | of indicators.) | | |
| 10 | | | % | Color (mo | | | e ¹ Loc | 2 | Texture | 1 | Remarks |
| 12-16 | | • | | 00101 (1110 | , | 1,750 | | | | | tomano |
| 12-16 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. *Loc: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils*: Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Every Mucky (Microl (Pt) Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soils*: Red Patent Material (Hydric Soils*: Problematic Hydric Soil | 5-12 | 2.5Y 3/1 | 98 | 10YR 3/- | 4 2 | 2 C | PL | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | 12-16 | 10YR 3/1 | 90 | 5BG 4/1 | 1 | 0 D | М | | sandy clay | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Histosol (A1) | 1= 0.0 | | | | | | 10 10 : | 21 . | | | |
| Histosof (A1) | | | | | | | ed Sand Grains. | | | | |
| □ Histic Epipedon (Az) □ Stripped Matrix (SB) □ Red Parent Material (TF2) □ Water Memoral (F1) (except MLRA 1) □ Very Stallow Dark Surface (TF12) □ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) □ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1) □ Very Stallow Dark Surface (TF12) □ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) □ Redox Dark Surface (F6) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Matrix (F3) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) □ Present: □ Primary Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): | - | | licable to | | | | | | | matic Hy | dric Soils ³ : |
| Black Histic (A3) | | ` ' | | | • | ` ' | | | | rial (TF2) | |
| □ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) □ Depleted Matrix (F2) □ Other (Explain in Remarks) □ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A12) □ Redox Dark Surface (F5) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F5) □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) □ Redox Depressions (F8) □ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) □ Redox Depressions (F8) □ Redox Depression | | | | | | ` ' | cept MLRA 1) | | | ` , | e (TF12) |
| Redox Dark Surface (A12) | ☐ Hydro | gen Sulfide (A4) | | | | , , | , | | • | | • • |
| □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) □ Depleted Dark Surface (F7) wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if present): | | | | | | | | · | | | |
| Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | • | • | | | ` ' | | | | | |
| Remarks: Hydric soil present? Yes No | - | • | , | | • | , , | | | | | present, uniess |
| Type: | | | | | | ` ' | | | | | |
| Present? Present Pres | _ | Layer (ii precent | ,. | | | | | l | Voc | ⊠ N | <u> </u> |
| Note | | (' l \) | | | | | present? | | 162 | ∠J IN | 0 🗆 |
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply) Surface water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Notifice Doservations: Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (in): Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water Stained Leaves (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A | Берип | (Inches). | | | | | | | | | |
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) | Remarks: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) High Water Table (A2) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (explain in remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Present? Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in): Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Present? Pack Mater Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) High Water Table (A2) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drainage Patterns (B10) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (explain in remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Present? Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in): Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Present? Pack Mater Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) (B9) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) High Water Table (A2) Salt Crust (B11) Drianage Patterns (B10) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Drianage Patterns (B10) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (explain in remarks) Frost-Heave Hummocks Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Present? Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in): Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Depth (in): Depth (in): Depth (in): Wetland Hydrology Pres | HADBUI | ngy | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Surface water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Saturation (A3) Saturation (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Cuther (explain in remarks) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (in): Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A & 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Shallow Aquitar (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Frost-Heave Hummocks Frost-Heave Hummocks Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No Depth (in): Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) Present? Yes No Depth (in): Other (explain in remarks) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| □ Surface water (A1) □ High Water Table (A2) □ Saturation (A3) □ Satl Crust (B11) □ Water Marks (B1) □ Water Marks (B1) □ Drainage Patterns (B10) □ Water Marks (B1) □ Drainage Patterns (B10) □ Drift Deposits (B2) □ Drift Deposits (B3) □ Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) □ Drift Deposits (B3) □ Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) □ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B8) □ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Saturation Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Depth (in): □ Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | iirad: chack a | ll that apply) | | | Secon | dany Indicators | (2 or mo | re required) |
| High Water Table (A2) | | • | or one requ | | | ad Lagyas (avas | nt MI DA 1 2 4A | | - | | |
| Saturation (A3) | | ` ' | | | | eu Leaves (exce | pi wiera 1, 2, 4A | | | Leaves (| D9) (WILKA I, |
| □ Sediment Deposits (B2) □ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) □ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) □ Drift Deposits (B3) □ Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) □ Geomorphic Position (D2) □ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) □ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) □ Shallow Aquitard (D3) □ Iron Deposits (B5) □ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) □ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) □ Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ O □ Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | Ŭ | ` , | | | | 311) | | | | erns (B10 |) |
| □ Drift Deposits (B3) □ Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) □ Geomorphic Position (D2) □ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) □ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) □ Shallow Aquitard (D3) □ Iron Deposits (B5) □ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) □ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) □ Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) □ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Water Table Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ O □ Depth (in): □ O □ Depth (in): □ O □ Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| □ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) □ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) □ Shallow Aquitard (D3) □ Iron Deposits (B5) □ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) □ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) □ Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) □ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Presenter (B8) | | | | | | . , | | | | | |
| □ Iron Deposits (B5) □ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) □ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) □ Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) □ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) □ No ☑ Depth (in): □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☑ No □ Depth (in): □ Outlinedes capillary fringe) □ Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | | | | • , | | | , | 2) |
| □ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) □ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) □ Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) □ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Present? Other (explain in remarks) □ Present (explain in | _ | | | | | • | , | | • | . , | |
| □ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) □ Other (explain in remarks) □ Frost-Heave Hummocks □ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ O □ Saturation Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): □ O □ (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | | | | ` ' | | | |) (LRR A) |
| □ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): Water Table Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): Saturation Present? Yes □ No □ Depth (in): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | | | | / (/ | | | | |
| Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (in): Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in): Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (in): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | | ` ' | , | | | | | |
| Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (in): Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (in): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | Field Obse | ervations: | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Table Present? Yes ⊠ No □ Depth (in): 6 Present? Yes ⊠ No □ Depth (in): 0 Uincludes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | Surface Wa | ater Present? | ∕es □ | No 🗵 | Depth (in): | | | | | | |
| Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (in): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | Water Table | e Present? | ′es ⊠ | No □ | Depth (in): | 6 | | | Ye | s 🏻 | No 🗆 |
| (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | | | | | i resem | | | | |
| Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: | | | 69 🖂 | INO 🗆 | Deptn (In): | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| | | | am naune | monitoring w | rell, aerial nh | otos, previous in | spections) if avail | able. | | | |
| Remarks: | 2 3301100 10 | Data (0110 | gaugo | ,o.momy w | , aonai pii | , p | 0051.10), 11 avail | | | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Remarks: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

DP - 1

| Project/Site: Mounger Residence | | | City/County: N | Mercer Island / King | Sampl | ling date: | 6/1/20 | 1 |
|---|--------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--|--------------|---------|
| Applicant/Owner: Mounger | | | | State: | WA San | npling Pc | oint: 2 | |
| | | | Section, Township, | Range: S17, T24 | N, R5E | | | |
| Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc): Lake: | | | | e, convex, none): | | SI | lope (%): | 10 |
| Subregion (LRR): A Lat: - | | • | • | | | | . , , | |
| Soil Map Unit Name: Kitsap silt loam, 1 | | | | /I classification: N | | | | |
| Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the | • | | r? ⊠ Yes □ No | (If no, explain in rem | arks.) | | | |
| Are Vegetation □, Soil □, or Hydrology □ | • • | • | | cumstances" present | , | ? ⊠ Yes | i □ No | |
| Are Vegetation □, Soil □, or Hydrology □ | • | | | ain any answers in Ro | | | | |
| SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attac | | | | | | s, etc. | | |
| Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? | Yes ⊠ | No 🗆 | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soils Present? | Yes □ | No 🗵 | Is the Sampl within a We | | Yes | | No 🛛 | |
| Wetland Hydrology Present? | Yes □ | No 🗵 | Within a Wi | , tiaria : | | | | |
| Remarks: Wetland A outpit VEGETATION – Use scientific name | es of plants | | | | | | | |
| | Ab | | ominant Indicator | Dominance Test | | | | |
| Tree Stratum (Plot size: 5-m diameter) 1. | | Cover S | pecies? Status | Number of Domina that are OBL, FAC | | | 1 | (A) |
| 2 | | | | Total Number of D | ominant | | 1 | _ ` ′ |
| 3. 4. | | | | Species Across all Percent of Domina | | | | _ (B) |
| 4 | | | Total Cover | that are OBL, FAC | | | 100 | (A/B) |
| Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 3-m dia | ameter) | | | Prevalence Index | worksheet | t: | | |
| 1 | | | | Total % Cover of: OBL species | | $\frac{\text{Multiply}}{\text{x 1}} =$ | <u>y by:</u> | |
| 3. | | | | FACW species | | x 2 = | | |
| 4. | | | | FAC species | | x 3 = | | |
| 5 | | | Total Cover | FACU species UPL species | | x 4 = x 5 = | | _ |
| Herb Stratum (Plot size: 1-m diameter) | | | Total Gover | Column Totals: | | (A) | | (B) |
| Holcus lanatus Lotus corniculatus | | 100 15 | Yes FAC No FAC | Prevalence Index : | = B/A = | | | |
| 3. | | 13 | No FAC | Hydrophytic | Vegetation | Indicato | ors: | |
| 4. | | | | ☐ 1 – Rapid Tes | , , | , | getation | |
| 5. 6. | | | | ⊠ 2 – Dominanc□ 3 – Prevalence | | | | |
| 7. | | | | 4 – Morpholog | | | | |
| 8. 9. | | | | data in Re □ 5 – Wetland N | emarks or or | | | |
| 10. | | | | ☐ Problematic H | | | | n) |
| 11. | | | | ¹ Indicators of hydri | | | | nust be |
| Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 3-m dian | neter) | = | Total Cover | present, unless dis | turbea or pr | robiemau | ic. | |
| 1. | , | | | Hydrophytic | | _ | | _ |
| 2 | | | Total Cover | Vegetation Present? | Yes | s 🏻 | No 🗆 | |
| % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum: | | = | Total Covel | i resent! | | | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

SOIL Sampling Point: DP-2

| Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------------|---|---------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Depth (inches) | Matrix Color (moist) | % | Color | (moist) | Redox Features % Type | e ¹ Loc ² | 2 | Texture | Rema | arks |
| 0-5 | 10YR 2/2 | 100 | 00101 | (moiot) | 70 Type | , | | Sandy clay loam | Ttorric | ar no |
| 5-10 | 10YR 2/2 | 100 | | | | | | Gravelly | | |
| | | | | | | | | sandy loam Gravelly | | |
| 10-14 | 10YR 2/2 | 90 | 101 | ′R 4/6 | 10 C | M | ; | sandy loam | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| ¹ Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ² Loc: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydric Soi | | | | | ors for Problem | | Soils³: | | | |
| ☐ Histosol (A1) ☐ Sandy Redox (S5) | | | | | | | □ 2c | m Muck (A10) | | |
| ☐ Histic Epipedon (A2) ☐ Stripped Matrix (S6) | | | | | | | | ed Parent Materia | ` ' | |
| □ Black Histic (A3) □ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (e | | | | | | cept MLRA 1) | | ery Shallow Dark | | 12) |
| ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | | | | | | | □ Ot | her (Explain in R | emarks) | |
| □ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) □ Depleted Matrix (F3) □ Third Park Surface (A12) | | | | | | | 31 11 | | | |
| | ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) ☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6) | | | | | | | tors of hydrophyt land hydrology n | | |
| | □ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)□ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)□ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)□ Redox Depressions (F8) | | | | | | | urbed or problem | | ont, unicoo |
| - | • | • | | rtedo | x Depressions (1 o) | | | · · · · · · | | |
| Restrictive | Layer (if prese | nt): | | | | Hydric soil | I | _ | _ | _ |
| Type: | | | | | | present? Yes \(\square\) No \(\Square\) | | | ₫ | |
| Depth (inches): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Domorko | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| HYDROLOGY | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ydrology Indica licators (minimur | | auired: che | ck all th | at annly) | | Secon | dary Indicators (2 | 2 or more rec | ruired) |
| | • | ii oi one ie | quircu. crit | | 11.77 | m4 MI DA 4 2 4A | | , | | <u> </u> |
| | ☐ Surface water (A1) ☐ High Water Table (A2) ☐ \$4R\ (B2) | | | | | | | Water-Stained L 2, 4A & 4B) | eaves (B9) (| WILKA 1, |
| _ | ☐ High Water Table (A2) ☐ Saturation (A3) ☐ Salt Crust (B11) | | | | | | | Drainage Patterr | ns (R10) | |
| | Marks (B1) | | | | uatic Invertebrates (B13) | | | Dry-Season Wat | , , |)) |
| ☐ Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1 | | | | | | | | Saturation Visible | , | , |
| ☐ Drift Deposits (B3) ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres alor | | | | | | Living Roots (C3) | | Geomorphic Pos | | |
| ☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron | | | | | | | | Shallow Aquitard | , , | |
| ☐ Iron Deposits (B5) ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Ti | | | | | | | | FAC-Neutral Tes | | |
| ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ☐ Stunted or Stressed Plants | | | | | | . , | | Raised Ant Mou | ` , | RA) |
| ☐ Inunda | ation Visible on A | erial Image | ery (B7) | ☐ Oth | er (explain in remarks) | , , , , | | Frost-Heave Hur | mmocks | , |
| ☐ Sparse | ely Vegetated Co | ncave Sur | face (B8) | | | | | | | |
| Field Obse | ervations: | | | | | | | | | |
| Surface Wa | ater Present? | Yes \square | No 🗵 | Dep | th (in): | Wetland Hyd | Irology | | _ | _ |
| Water Table Present? Yes □ No | | | No 🗵 | Dep | epth (in): Presen | | | | | |
| Saturation Present? Yes □ No ⊠ (includes capillary fringe) | | | | Dep | th (in): | | | | | |
| , | | room goue | o monitor | ing wall | aerial photos, previous in | anactiona) if avail | oblo: | | | |
| Describe K | ccoru c u Dala (Si | ream yaug | o, monitor | iiig well, | aonai priotos, previous III | opeciionoj, ii avali | abie. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remarks: | | | | | | | | | | |
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